2022 New Jersey State Plan and Grant Application for U.S. Department of Energy's Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) Grant

U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) New Jersey State Plan Master File

INTRODUCTION

The New Jersey Department of Community Affairs (DCA) in accordance with the Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, and Section 440 of the Rules and Regulations of the Weatherization Assistance Program for Low-Income Persons has established a Weatherization Assistance Program within the Division of Housing and Community Resources' (DHCR) Office of Low-Income Energy Conservation (OLIEC). The purpose of the program is to reduce fuel consumption, and related energy costs in low-income households, with an emphasis high-energy user, households with a high energy burden, and elderly or disabled households. The program's intent is to reduce both the national energy consumption and the impact of higher fuel costs on low-income families. Funds are provided to facilitate several energy conservation measures, including but not limited to, building shell, air-sealing, hot water conservation measures, attic, sidewall, and foundation insulation and electric baseload measures.

OLIEC, located within DHCR, oversees the administration of the Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP). In addition to the selection of Weatherization Agencies (Sub-grantees), OLIEC has established minimum program requirements and procedures for the implementation of the WAP at the local level.

OLIEC funds a network of non-profit organizations to provide weatherization services to their respective communities. Sub-grantees have a primary responsibility to identify potential applicants, certify eligibility, and provide weatherization services to eligible dwelling units within their geographic scope. Local programs must develop and maintain a substantial public information program and positive client relationships. Sub-grantees must follow program rules and regulations as outlined in the 2022 NJ State Plan, Weatherization Assistance Program Policy and Procedures Manual (Policy Manual), New Jersey Field Guide Standard Work Specifications (aligned edition), and the United States Department of Energy's (USDOE) Federal Code of Regulations 10 CFR 440, Weatherization Program Notices (WPN) and Weatherization Memorandums.

V.1. ELIGIBILITY

V.1.1 APPROACH TO DETERMINING CLIENT ELIGIBILITY

Definition of income used to determine eligibility:

Prior to the weatherization of any unit, documentation shall be obtained, using the state weatherization application certifying that the household meets eligibility criteria as per 10 CFR § 440.22 and the New Jersey Weatherization Policy and Procedures Manual, Chapter 1, Eligibility and Documentation. Chapter 1 can be found at https://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/dhcr/offices/wap.html.

Eligibility guidelines are based on the Federal Poverty Guidelines. Per the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) regulations, the State of New Jersey computes income eligibility at gross annual household income equal to or less than 200% of Federal Poverty Guidelines; or

The household includes a member who has received cash assistance payments under Title IV or Title XVI of the Social Security Act; Food Stamps under the Food Stamp Act of 1977; or adoption subsidy under Title IV federal or state cash assistance payments or applicable state or local law at any time during the twelve-month period preceding the determination of eligibility for weatherization assistance; or recipient of LIHEAP or a HUD mean tested program.

Household Eligibility Basis:

All applicants shall be required to complete an application for weatherization assistance including clients that come to the Sub-grantee from the Home Energy Assistance Program (HEA) as the result of a direct feed to HEA from the Food Stamps or the Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled (PAAD) programs. This application may be the same application used for the household to apply for HEA benefits, provided that the application is complete and current. The only exception to this requirement applies to recipients who rent units in multi-family buildings that use the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) income qualification process to determine eligibility for subsidized housing. If a multi-unit building is identified and approved by HUD for weatherization as provided in WPNs 16-5 and 17-4, Sub-grantees will not be required to certify income eligibility for the tenants. Sub-grantees are not required to complete landlord-tenant agreements for each tenant. Sub-grantees are still responsible for the collection of all required income and demographic data for such units. Chapter 2, Eligible and Non-Eligible Structures, of the Policy Manual, provides information concerning the HUD income qualification process.

Chapter 2 can be found at http://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/dhcr/offices/wap.html.

Definition of Household:

A household is defined as all persons living together in a dwelling unit (10 C.F.R. § 440.3). The proof necessary to include a person as a member of the household is described in more detail in Chapter 1, Eligibility and Documentation, Section 3, Required Documentation at http://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/dhcr/offices/wap.html.

Households that have been certified eligible for weatherization and are placed on the sub-grantee waiting list remain eligible for a period of one year from the certification date. The certification date shall be the actual date the household was deemed eligible. If a client is on the waiting list for one year or more, the Sub-grantee must request updated income documentation as outlined in Section 3, Chapter 1 of the NJ WAP Policy and Procedures Manual.

All applicants determined to be eligible for Weatherization Assistance will remain eligible for a period of one year from the date the agency certifies them as eligible. If an energy audit of the applicant's dwelling unit is performed by the Sub-grantee within one year from the date the applicant is certified, no additional documentation is required. If an application has not been acted upon during the past year, it must be reviewed, dated, and re-signed certifying that all information provided is still current.

Process for ensuring qualified alien is eligible for weatherization benefits:

No person except a citizen or a specially qualified non-citizen shall be eligible for the federal Food Stamp program, Family Assistance, Safety Net Assistance, or services funded under Title XX of the federal Social Security Act, except as follows:

- 1. A qualified non-citizen, who is not a specially qualified non-citizen, who was a lawful resident of the United States before 8/22/96, or who was a lawful resident of the United States on or after 8/22/96, for five or more years, is, if otherwise eligible, eligible for Family Assistance, Safety Net Assistance, and services pursuant to Title XX of the federal Social Security Act, but shall be ineligible for the federal Food Stamp program.
- 2 A qualified non-citizen, who is not a specially qualified non-citizen, who entered the United States on or after 8/22/96 but who was a legal resident of the United States for less than five years shall, if otherwise eligible, be eligible for Safety Net Assistance, but shall be ineligible for Family Assistance or Food Stamps.
- 3. A non-citizen whose status is not within the meaning of the term qualified non-citizen, but who is otherwise permanently residing in the United States under color of law (PRUCOL); as such term was used on August 21, 1996, by the federal Administration for Children and Families is, if otherwise eligible, eligible for Safety Net Assistance.

- 4. A person paroled into the United States under Section 212(d) (5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act for a period of less than one year is, if otherwise eligible, eligible for Safety Net Assistance.
- 5. Nothing shall preclude the receipt by a non-citizen of community-based non- cash assistance in accordance with the directions of the U.S. Attorney General.
- 6 Any non-citizen, including a non-citizen who is not qualified, is eligible for adult protective services and services and assistance relating to child protection to the extent that such person is otherwise eligible pursuant to this Section and the Regulations of the department.
- 7. A non-citizen is eligible for additional state payments for aged, blind, and disabled persons under social services law only to the extent that such person is not ineligible for federal SSI benefits due to citizenship status.

In most cases, non-citizens are eligible for Weatherization Assistance. Qualified non-citizens defined in Section 431 of the Federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA) of 1996, P.L. 104-193, if otherwise eligible, may receive Weatherization Assistance (see N.J.A.C. 10:90-2.10 and 10.3).

- 1. Qualified non-citizens are defined as legal immigrants that include but may not be limited to legal permanent residents, refugees, individuals paroled into the United States for a period of at least one year, individuals whose deportation has been withheld, individuals granted conditional entry, and certain individuals who are victims of domestic abuse.
- 2. In cases where a non-qualified (undocumented) citizen resides within an applicant household, the non-qualified (undocumented) citizen must be excluded from the HEA household size. If the non-qualified (undocumented) citizen has monthly income more than \$300.00, the amount more than \$300.00 shall be counted as income to the household and must be added to all other household income in determining the household's gross monthly income.

V.1.2 APPROACH TO DETERMINING BUILDING ELIGIBILITY

Procedures to determine that units weatherized have eligibility documentation:

2. Eligible and Non-Eligible Structures. of Chapter the Policy Manual (https://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/dhcr/offices/docs/wap/Wap Chapter 2.pdf), defines the eligible and noneligible structures for Weatherization Assistance in accordance with 10 C.F.R. § 440.22. An adjusted application date is established for a dwelling unit based on the presence of priority individuals residing in the unit. As stated in Chapter 1, Eligibility and Documentation, Section 4, prioritization of multi-family buildings for which the sub-grantee receives leveraged funds before other multi-family dwellings, group homes or shelters is allowed. Chapter 1 Eligibility and Documentation (nj.gov) and Chapter 2 Eligible and Non-Eligible Structures (nj.gov) describe the program requirements and protocols for deeming clients and dwelling untwws eligible for weatherization services.

In addition, as stated in this Chapter, sub-grantees are required to obtain and execute New Jersey's current Landlord/Tenant Weatherization Agreement Form Multi-Family Only (5 units or more) which ensure that the rights of tenants, as well as the weatherization investment in rental buildings, are protected and that the benefits of weatherization accrue to the low-income persons the program intends to serve. Signed copies of this document are provided to both the Tenant and the Landlord. The document is enforceable by the tenant(s). A copy of the document must be maintained in the building folder. The agreement also states that owners will agree that rents shall not be raised because of the weatherization measures installed. Sub-grantees must carry out the weatherization without undue or excessive enhancement of the aforesaid property and with benefit to the Tenant.

Re-weatherization Compliance:

In accordance with 10 CFR 440.18€(2)(iii), re-weatherization is the provision of service to a dwelling unit that has been previously served. Re-weatherization is permitted in those units which were originally weatherized 15 years ago. The following, in accordance with the 10 CFR 440, applies to all units weatherized with U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), LIHEAP Weatherization and Heating Improvement grant funds or other federal funds. Re-weatherization of units served less than 15 years ago from its original weatherization date may be allowed if the building has been damaged by flood, fire, storm, etc., and approval has been provided by OLIEC. In accordance with Chapter 7, WAP's Agency Grant Management and Program Operations, Section 3.11, subgrantees are required to maintain a list or database of homes weatherized for cross-referencing with new applications. Sub-grantees must maintain, at a minimum, records of homes weatherized back to 15 years from original weatherization date. The Hancock Energy Software for the Weatherization Assistance Program (HESWAP) provides for a centralized database of homes weatherized in New Jersey. DCA's re-weatherization policies and its weatherization grant agreement explicitly state that the weatherization services may be provided to dwellings that were weatherized 15 years ago.

Eligible Structures for Weatherization:

Single-family dwelling unit means a house or stationary mobile home whose occupants live together as a family or household and share all the facilities of the dwelling unit in common, particularly common access to their dwelling unit and a common kitchen.

Weatherization Program Notice 22-5 released December 8, 2021, simplifies (and supersedes) procedures previously outlined in WPN 17-4, Multifamily Housing – Procedure for Certifying Income-Eligible HUD Assisted Buildings. There are generally three types of multifamily properties assisted by HUD: (1) housing owned and operated by HUD Public Housing Agencies (PHAs), (2) privately-owned multifamily buildings receiving project-based assistance, and (3) privately-owned multifamily buildings that house residents who receive tenant-based (housing voucher) assistance.

- 1. Housing owned and operated by PHAs shall be considered 100% income eligible. The PHAs deemed eligible and referenced can be found on the <u>HUD web page</u>.
- 2 For privately owned multifamily buildings receiving project-based assistance, WAP agencies should refer to the <u>USDOE HUD Multi-Family lists</u> to determine the percentage of the units in each building that are income eligible.
- 3. Privately-owned multifamily buildings that house residents receiving tenant-based assistance, WAP agencies are required to determine the percentage of income eligible residences by contacting the building owner/manager to obtain Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher records (from HUD's Tenant Based Rental Assistance Program [TBRA]) or by individually verifying which residents hold such vouchers.

This certification process does not apply to the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and Low- Income Housing Tax Credit Properties (LIHTC). Sub-grantees must follow standard procedures for verifying individual resident incomes for these properties.

A shelter/transitional home is defined as a dwelling unit or units whose principal purpose is to temporarily provide housing for individuals who may or may not be related to one another and who are not living in nursing homes, prisons, or similar institutional care facilities such as transitional homes for parolees if the facility is zoned as residential as demonstrated by a residential registration form issued by the respective municipality. It provides short-term supportive services housing to facilitate movement to independent living. If more than one family is receiving services in the same unit, then a Shelter License must be obtained from the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs.

Non-stationary campers and trailers are not eligible for weatherization due to a lack of mailing address associated with the applicant. Post Office boxes do not meet the requirement of a valid address.

Prior to weatherization, Sub-grantees are required to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) which can be found at https://www.achp.gov/protecting-historic-properties Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (NHPA) requires Federal, state and local agencies to consider the effects of their undertakings on historic properties. Section 106 applies to historic properties or sites that are listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places.

Sub-grantee must verify if the property is historic through the Statewide Historic Preservation website at https://www.state.nj.us/dep/hpo/lidentify/nrsr lists.htm and with the local Historic Preservation Office.

If property is historic, then Sub-grantee must confirm if all work proposed is found in the exemptions list in Appendix A of the NJ Historic Preservation Programmatic Agreement that can be found at https://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/dhcr/offices/wap resources.html.

Rental Units/Multifamily Buildings for Weatherization: Rental Units and Multi-Family Buildings

Prior to weatherizing an entire building of multi-family housing (including common area), a specific eligibility test will be applied:

- 1. Not less than 66% of the <u>occupied</u> dwelling units must be eligible dwelling units in a complex of five or more units.
- 2 50% eligibility must be met for duplexes and four-unit buildings.
- 3. In buildings of five or more units where less than the required percentage of units are eligible, only the eligible units may be weatherized with USDOE grant funds.
- 4. A building containing rental dwelling units if it is included on the most recent list posted by the USDOE of Assisted Housing and Public Housing buildings identified by HUD. Sub-grantees are not required to complete landlord-tenant agreements for each tenant. Sub-grantees are responsible for the collection of all required income and demographic data for such units and must also have signed permission by landlord/homeowner to weatherize for each dwelling unit.
- 5. Unoccupied units within multi-family buildings may be weatherized only if they will become eligible dwelling units within 180 days under a Federal, State, or Local government program for rehabilitating the building or making similar improvements to the building.
- 6 A single unit within a multi-family unit building is not categorically excluded. The unit requires prior approval from USDOE.

Sub-grantees are required to obtain and execute New Jersey's current Landlord - Tenant Agreement form that ensures that the rights of tenants and the weatherization investment in rental buildings are protected and that the benefits of weatherization accrue to the low-income persons

the program intends to serve. Signed copies of this document are provided to both the Tenant and the Landlord. The document is enforceable by the tenant(s).

In accordance with 10 C.F.R. § 440.22 (d), NJ WAP may require leveraging of landlord contributions, when feasible, from the owners of such buildings. Landlord contributions shall not be reported as program income nor treated as appropriated funds. The funds contributed by the landlord shall be expended in accordance with the agreement between the landlord and the Sub-grantee.

This policy permits the prioritization of multi-family dwellings for which the Sub-grantee receives a landlord contribution and requires building owners to make code and safety improvements prior to receiving

weatherization services.

Deferral Process:

In accordance to the Chapter 7, WAP Agency's Grant Management and Program Operations, Section 3.9, of the Policy Manual, Sub-grantees must postpone work when problems occur that cannot be remedied within the scope of allowable measures identified in this State Plan or other available grantee and sub-grantee funds. Building rehabilitation and hazard remediation work are beyond the scope of WAP.

Units must be deferred if necessary corrective work is beyond the scope of this State Plan.

Clients must be notified in writing within 7 business days of the site visit wherein a determination was made to defer the project. The notification form can be found at https://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/dhcr/offices/docs/wap/wap_3_deferral_notification.pdf

and shall include the reason(s) for deferral, any testing results, and appeal rights. Sub-grantees are expected to make reasonable efforts on behalf of their clients to find alternative assistance when USDOE funds are unable to address conditions that lead to deferral. When possible, the notice shall include a list of potential agencies with funding designed to address the specific issue which precludes a client from participating.

Additional considerations that may lead to deferral shall include other good cause which includes any condition which may endanger the health and/or safety of the occupant, work crew, or subcontractor as determined by the DCA at its sole discretion (i.e., illegal activity, pets, animal waste, and hoarding).

When a unit is deferred, Sub-grantee can submit the unit for review and consideration for possible weatherization through the WAP and Comfort Partners Partnership. Chapter 9 in the NJWAP Policy Manual reflects the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) and partnership workflow process with Comfort Partners. WAP sub-grantees will seek a possible joint audit with Comfort Partners. If the unit does not meet the eligibility criteria for the Partnership Program, then the house would be deferred. The joint venture is limited to single-family-owner occupied households with natural gas or electric heating (1-4 units).

V.1.3 DEFINITION OF CHILDREN

The programmatic definition of children is dwelling unit residents not more than six years of age. Chapter 1, Eligibility and Documentation, Section 4, Prioritization of Applicants, establishes a prioritization procedure that results in an "adjusted application date" based on the presence of prioritized individuals residing in a dwelling unit. It includes the prioritization of households that are also high-energy users.

V.1.4 APPROACH TO TRIBAL ORGANIZATIONS

In accordance with 10 C.F.R. § 440.16(f), low-income members of an Indian tribe will receive benefits equivalent to the assistance provided to other low-income persons within the state.

V.2 SELECTION OF AREAS TO BE SERVED

For the 2022 Program Year, NJ WAP released a Request for Proposal in July 2022 reflecting the 21 counties as individual target areas based on the population in poverty, utilizing the 2019 American Community Survey, U.S. Census data Allocations to Sub-grantees will be a base award of \$100,000 with the remaining award allocated based on the number of individuals in poverty within the service area. The map below reflects the 21 target areas. Through the RFP process, NJ WAP seeks to increase the number of sub-grantees in the network. The Annual File of this State Plan identifies the sub-grantees, allocation amounts, and projected production goals.

Preference is given to any Community Action Agency or other public or non-profit entity that has or is currently administering an effective program under 10 C.F.R. § 440 ET. Seq. or under Title II of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964.

Because of the need to maintain continuity of the WAP, it is not the intention of DCA to replace a Sub-grantee currently operating a program unless it can be shown that the current Sub-grantee cannot effectively operate the program or that an alternative Sub-grantee can provide superior program administration. Further, the selections of alternative delivery systems during the program year are as infrequent as possible so that disruptions in service delivery can be reduced to an absolute minimum. Using the selection criteria required by 10 C.F.R. § 440.15 ET. Seq. as part of a Request for Proposals (RFP) process, DCA chooses alternative delivery systems, if needed, during the five years of BIL funding. Removal of a program of a sub-grantee will not be done until a suitable organization can be found to administer the program, either temporary or on a permanent basis. This will ensure that the transfer of the program will not result in a gap in service to clients for any period of time.

If funding is removed or returned by a sub-grantee, DCA will exercise discretion in either distributing that funding to existing sub-grantees or new sub-grantee through an RFP or awarding funding to performing sub-grantees that have the capacity of handling additional funding as evidenced by their grant spending and meeting production benchmarks. Areas of funding can be expanded or reduced based on the upcoming 2020 Census.

DCA, throughout the five years for BIL funding, will on a quarterly basis conduct a production analysis to determine the effectiveness of sub grantees in meeting production goals. When necessary, DCA will reallocate funds to performing sub grantees or release competitive RFP. In addition, a set aside Performance Fund will be maintained to allow sub-grantees the opportunity to request additional funding once their original awards are exhausted.

To further assist sub-grantees, NJ WAP/DCA will released a Request for Proposal for outreach services utilizing administrative BIL funds. The RFP will seek applications from non-profits organizations, community action agencies and local government in assisting in reaching potential applicants. The outreach entities will be reviewed quarterly to ensure that benchmarks are being met. The outreach entities will be required to partner with the sub-grantee in the target areas they are serving.

Weatherization Assistance Program BLL Fund Target/Service Areas

community



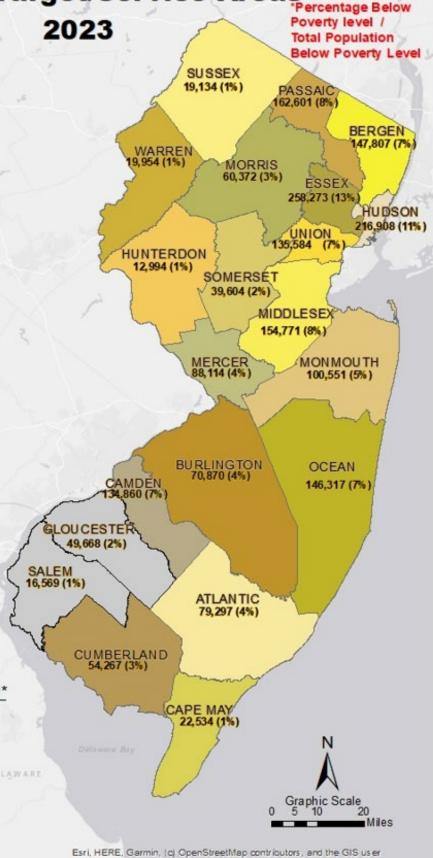
ANIA

County	Total Eligible Allocation Funding
Atlantic and Cape May	\$2,594,640
Bergen	\$3,575,803
Burlington	\$1,766,566
Camden	\$3,271,344
Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem	\$3,133,751
Essex	\$5,173,502
Hudson 1	\$1,000,000
Hudson 2	\$4,200,770
Mercer	\$2,172,073
Middlesex	\$3,739,567
Monmouth	\$2,464,540
Morris	\$1,519,697
Ocean	\$4,540,765
Passaic	\$3,923,696
Sumerset and Union	\$4,319,690
Warren, Hunterdon and Sussex	\$1,524,752

American Community Survey 2019*

New Jersey Department of Community Affairs

Weatherization Assistance Program
Office of Low Income Energy Conservation
101 South Broad Street
Trenton, New Jersey 08625
Date: April 2023



V.3 PRIORITIES FOR SERVICE DELIVERY

Prioritization protocol for weatherization service is established by Chapter 1, Eligibility and Documentation, Section 4, Prioritization of Applicants. Priority is established by the "adjusted application date," which is the date the application is certified as complete by the weatherization manager, as adjusted according to the policy. Adjustments to the application date are made based on the presence of priority clients within the household to be served and to ensure that households that have priority status and are high-energy users and/or high energy burden can receive weatherization on an accelerated basis.

Federal WAP regulations (10 C.F.R. § 440) require that priority be given to "identifying and providing weatherization assistance to elderly and handicapped low-income persons."

Elderly Units

Data extrapolated from the 2019 American Community Survey of the U.S. Census figures indicate that 16.6% of the State's population is elderly (60 years and older). In addition, the 2019 American Community Survey of the U.S. Census indicates that 31.9% of the elderly population have at least one disability.

Handicapped Units

The 2019 American Community Survey reveals that the disabled population is 6.5%.

The ranking system, as stated in Chapter 1, of the NJ WAP Policy and Procedures Manual, is applied as follows:

- 1) Intake and income/categorical eligibility determinations proceed as usual.
- 2) Following the determination of program eligibility, the household is evaluated to determine its priority status. Priority ranking points are awarded based on the following:

One point each for:

- Presence of children ages 0-6 (up to 1)
- Each elderly household member (up to 2); see definition provided in section 4.1 ("Definitions of Disabled and Elderly")
- Each disabled household member (up to 2); see definition provided in section 4.1 ("Definitions of Disabled and Elderly")
- High Energy Burden (up to 2)
- High Residential Energy User (up to 1)

Three points for one terminally disabled household member, five points for more than one terminally disabled household member.

Note that one household member can qualify the household for points in more than one category.

- 3) An adjusted application date is calculated, based on the total household priority points.
- 4) For each point, six months are subtracted from the actual application date.
- 5) All eligible households are to be served on a first-come, first-served basis based on the adjusted application date.
- 6) Multi-family buildings are ranked on the waiting list based on the adjusted application date of the building's highest priority individual eligible dwelling unit.

NJ WAP has implemented a Landlord Contribution Policy, which allows Sub-grantees to weatherize multi-family buildings for which contributions have been received before multi-family dwellings owned by non-contributing owners. All eligible clients will be served in both cases; however, expediting service to dwellings

that include landlord contribution funds will allow the Sub-grantee to weatherize additional units. New Jersey encourages landlord contribution for regular or shell weatherization tactics of no less than 25% of the total cost. Mandatory landlord contribution of no less than 50% of the total cost towards all heating system upgrades is required.

V.4 CLIMATE CONDITIONS

Information obtained from the National Centers for Environmental Information, Center for Weather and Climate, classifies New Jersey into three regions, southern, northern, and coastal. The data below reflects heating (HD) and cooling days (CD) from 1991 to 2020, a 30-year span. Total heating and cooling days range from 5,883 to 6,018. HD range from 4,647 to 4,815. CD range from 1,104 to 1,312. The Weatherization Assistance Tool only captures two locations Lakehurst, NJ (located in Ocean County, Coastal NJ) and Newark, NJ (located in Essex County, Northern NJ).

Climatic Region	Sub-grantee County		Average Heating Days (HD)	Average Cooling Days (CD)	Total HD and CD
Region 1	Greater Bergen	Bergen			
Northern	La Casa de	Essex			
	Don Pedro				
	NORWESCAP	Hunterdon, Sussex, Warren	4,647	1,312	5,959
	PACO	Hudson			
	PROCEED	Morris, Somerset, Union			
	Passaic County	Passaic			
Region 2	Ocean, Inc.	Monmouth, Ocean			
Southern	ISLES	Mercer			
	Native Atlantic, Cape May				
	American				
	Advancement		4,815	1,203	6,018
	Corp (NAAC)				
	Camden OEO	Burlington, Camden			
	PRAB, Inc.	Middlesex]		
	Gateway CAP	Gloucester, Salem, Cumberland	1		
Region 3	NAAC	Atlantic, Cape May	4.770	1 104	5 002
Coastal	OCEAN, Inc.	Monmouth, Ocean	4,779	1,104	5,883

V.5 TYPE OF WEATHERIZATION WORK TO BE DONE

V.5.1 TECHNICAL GUIDES AND MATERIALS

New Jersey's Weatherization Field Guide Standard Work Specifications (SWS) Aligned edition prescribes correct installation practices in accordance with the NREL Standard Work Specifications, WPN 15-4 and WPN 22-4. These standards are mandated for contractor/crew installations and form the basis for quality control inspections of completed work. In addition, Section C, Scope of Services, of the executed Grant Agreements with Sub-grantees clearly states the following:

"This project will be implemented in accordance with the U.S. Department of Energy's Standard Work Specifications" as defined in the New Jersey Weatherization Field Guide (2021 SWS aligned version) and the NJ WAP Policy and Procedures Manual."

Sub-grantees are required to include the Field Guide with all bid packages. Executed grant agreements are

evidence of acceptance of the terms and conditions for WAP funds.

The Field Guide can also be found at the Department of Community Affairs' webpage at http://www.state.nj.us/dca/divisions/dhcr/offices/wap.html. Sub-grantees can print the field guide and distribute it to contractors and crews. The New Jersey Field Guide for Single Families (Field Guide) has been revised with the updated Standard Work Specifications and approved by USDOE. This Field Guide will expire July 26, 2026. Hard copies were also provided to Sub-grantees in January 2022.

All measures, building, and Heating improvements must be recommended by an approved energy audit and authorized by Appendix A of 10 C.F.R. § 440.

Building Envelope Measures

Typical building envelope measures in New Jersey address both conductive and convective heat losses. These measures include weather-stripping, caulking, infiltration reduction measures, insulation, health, and safety measures and other measures that are recommended by the approved energy audits and authorized by Appendix A of 10 C.F.R. § 440.

Heating System Improvement Measures

Heating system improvement measures include the repair, retrofit, and replacement of the full variety of heating systems and hot water heaters encountered. A furnace or boiler may be replaced if the energy audit report recommends this as a prioritized measure, and priority measure is financially reachable. Heating system improvement services are also available on an expedited basis to address emergency situations if the client can be prioritized based on the point system. These services may also be financed with Health and Safety funds if circumstances so warrant. All clients receive an evaluation of the heating system as a regular part of the WAP energy audit process and are eligible for both building envelope and heating system services. Chapter 6, Heating Systems, of the Policy Manual lists specific procedures for the handling of heating system retrofits, repairs, replacement, and testing. NJ WAP prefers to address Heating System replacements and repairs and hot water heaters through the Heating Improvement Program grant.

V.5.2 ENERGY AUDIT PROCEDURES

New Jersey will use site-specific audits to weatherize units as stated in Chapter 4, Energy Audits, of the Policy Manual. New Jersey is using the National Energy Audit Tool (NEAT) audit for single-family dwelling units, Energy Audit using the Queens Information Package (EA-QUIP) for multi-family dwellings and Manufactured Home Energy Audit (MHEA) for mobile homes. All multi-family projects funded by DOEWAP will be submitted to USDOE for approval prior to work commencing. Sub-grantee personnel will perform the energy audit.

Reviews of energy audits are conducted by State Monitors on a quarterly basis to ensure the quality of work and for identifying training needs. State Monitors will randomly select three to four audits for review and provide Sub-grantee with a summary of findings.

U.S. Department of Energy (USDOE) has provided conditional approval of the NEAT and MHEA that is set to expire on February 21, 2027. When conducting an energy audit, Sub-grantees must adhere and follow the protocols indicated in the NJDCA Weatherization Policies and Procedures for Energy Audits. NJ WAP shall seek approval for use of the USDOE Priority List in accordance with WPN 22.8, Streamlining the Energy Audit Process - Optional Regional Weatherization Priority Lists.

NJ WAP has received approval for the following special materials /audit procedures:

Light Emitting Diode (LED) Lightning	Approved May 11, 2017
Spray Polyurethane Foam (SPF) Insulation	Approved December 18, 2018
Heat Pumps Domestic Water Heaters	Approved October 14, 2021

Lifetime Changes	Approved October 14, 2021
Refrigerators (Energy Star or Equivalent	Approved October 14, 2021

V.5.3 FINAL INSPECTIONS

Sub-grantees are required to complete a quality control inspection of all (100%) units weatherized before an invoice is submitted to NJ WAP for quality assurance inspections and request for reimbursement. As indicated in the executed grant agreements and Chapter 8, State Quality Assurance Inspections and Monitoring, of the Policy Manual, all units must be inspected by a Certified Quality Control/Energy Auditor Inspector (QCI/EA).

The date and signature of the certified QCI/EA must be included in the sub-grantee client file for each unit reported on an invoice. The inspector is certifying that the work is complete and adheres to the Standard Work Specifications. NJ WAP has developed a standardized Quality Control and Assurances Inspection Form that will ensure SWS compliance on final inspections.

For contractor-based Sub-grantees, NJ WAP holds the Sub-grantee responsible and accountable for certifying all measures installed by contractors meet the SWS. Sub-grantees are required to provide copies of the New Jersey Field Guide (SWS 2021 aligned) to contractors and must include with bid packages.

NJ WAP uses the Independent Auditor/QCI model for its quality control inspections due to the differing capacities of Sub-grantees. Each sub-grantee has at least one QCI/EA on staff or sub-contract the QCI/EA. NJ WAP conducts quality assurances inspections on 25%, or more of the units weatherized statewide. Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, the inspection rate was reduced to 10% until further notice to minimize exposure to Covid.

Due to a shortage of individuals with the QCI/EA certification, NJ WAP will develop and implement a QCI Mentorship component to assist Sub-grantees in meeting Federal regulations on final inspections.

Sub-grantees not adhering to SWS will be subjected to the Progressive Compliance Process, as stated in Section V.8.3 of this State Plan.

V.6 WEATHERIZATION ANALYSIS OF EFFECTIVENESS

The effectiveness of weatherization projects completed by Sub-grantees is analyzed by the use of a Weatherization Performance Rating System, which is summarized below. The Performance Rating System is designed to compare each Sub-grantee's actual performance against the contractual requirements and milestones with which the sub-grantee indicated acceptance, as evidenced by contract execution.

The rating system considers the following factors as required by 10 C.F.R. § 440.15(a) (3) (I-iv).

Rating Factor #1: The extent to which the Sub-grantee is meeting biannual benchmark goals. A Sub-grantee that completes its benchmark goals for its base award and subsequently is awarded additional funding will receive separate benchmark goals for its additional funding. The Sub-grantee will be responsible for proposing its own production schedule, within a reasonable timeframe, and at the approval of DCA, for any additional funding that the Sub-grantee is awarded. Sub-grantee will be responsible for only meeting its own benchmarks for the additional funding that it is awarded.

Rating Factor #2: The quality of work performed by the Sub-grantee (as determined by the percentage of units inspected which pass quality control inspections performed by Program Specialists (State Monitors).

Rating Factor #3: The extent to which the Sub-grantee submits required expenditure reports on a timely basis.

Rating Factor #4: Prompt payment to contractors in accordance with Chapter 6, Uniform Bid Process, and

Contractor Relations.

The points awarded under this system are totaled (by Rating Factor) for each Sub-grantee bi-annually and annually. The annual totals provide a basis for comparing performance among Sub-grantees. This will be one of the criteria used to determine future funding allocations through a competitive funding application process.

Several of the rating factors referred to herein represent Sub-grantee - DCA contractual requirements. Violations of these contractual provisions will also trigger the Progressive Contract Compliance Process, which is summarized in the Monitoring Plan Section of this State Plan.

If a Sub-grantee's performance is deemed unsatisfactory, an open competitive bid will be released to identify a temporary Sub-grantee for that target area.

V.7 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

New Jersey's Health and Safety Plan (H&S Plan) is attached as an addendum to this State Plan and is in compliance with WPN 22-7.

NJ WAP HEALTH AND SAFETY Goals:

- 1. Minimize the risks from the provision of weatherization services that could negatively affect the health and safety of state staff, agency staff, contractors, and clients.
- 2. Recognize any hazards that could negatively affect the health and safety of the above participants in the weatherization process.
- 3. Avoid creating any health and safety hazards through the actions of agency staff or contractors and prevent the installation of materials that could have a detrimental effect on clients.
- 4. Do not harm clients because of any actions by agency staff or contractors being on-site at the client's home or through the aftereffects of installing tactics.
- 5. Educate clients about weatherization materials that could have a harmful effect on their health and proper maintenance of weatherization materials that will contribute to client safety.
- 6. Take corrective action when measures are approved by DOE as regular weatherization materials, health and safety measures, or incidental repairs. If DOE funds are not allowed, refer the client to appropriate public or private programs that can remedy the hazard(s) before weatherization can take place.

Deferral & Referral Policy

Agencies must postpone work when problems occur that cannot be remedied within the scope of allowable measures identified in this State Plan or other available funds. Building rehabilitation and hazard remediation work are beyond the scope of WAP. Units must be deferred if necessary corrective work is beyond the scope of this Plan.

Clients must be notified in writing within 7 business days of the site visit wherein a determination was made to defer the project due to H&S issues. The notification form can be found at https://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/dhcr/offices/docs/wap/wap_3_deferral_notification.pdf shall include the reason(s) for deferral, any testing results, and appeal rights. Agencies are expected to make reasonable efforts on behalf of their clients to find alternative assistance when DOE funds are unable to address conditions that lead to deferral. When possible, the notice shall include a list of potential agencies with funding designed to

address the specific H&S issue, which precludes a client from participating.

When a unit is deferred, Sub-grantee can submit the unit for review and consideration for possible weatherization through the WAP and Comfort Partners Partnership. Chapter 9 in the NJWAP Policy Manual will be dedicated to the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) and partnership workflow process with Comfort Partners. WAP sub-grantees will seek a possible joint audit with Comfort Partners. If the unit does not meet the eligibility criteria for the Partnership Program, then the house would be deferred. The joint venture is limited to single-family-owner occupied households with natural gas or electric heating (1-4 units).

V.8 PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

V.8.1 OVERVIEW AND ORGANIZATION

The NJ WAP is located within DCA's Division of Housing and Community Resources (DHCR). The Division of Housing and Community Services consists of the following programs: Home Energy Assistance, Weatherization Assistance Program, Office of Community Services, and multiple housing programs such as Section 8, HUD-funded Community Development Block Grant, and Disaster Recovery Program, etc.

NJ WAP consists of a Program Manager who oversees the day-to-day operation of the program. Four support staff are assigned to provide program support. These four individuals are responsible for responding to general program inquiries, processing income verification requests, receiving and funneling client complaints to Subgrantees for corrective action, and providing program support to the Program Manager. Currently, there are 4 State Monitors assigned to monitoring, conducting quality control inspections, and providing technical assistance to Sub-grantees. NJ WAP will hire two more State Monitors with BIL Funding. The program unit reports to the Assistant Division Director of DHCR.

The Division's Fiscal Unit aids with fiscal processing activities such as processing grant agreements, vendor contracts, and payments to Sub-grantees.

The State Energy Program is located at another State Agency, the Board of Public Utilities. The NJDCA does not have administrative oversight for this program.

V.8.2 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURE LIMIT

The total amount available to the Sub-grantees for administrative funds is at least 7.5% of the state's grant; however, any Sub-grantee that receives a grant of less than \$350,000 can be provided up to another 7.5% of their allocation for administrative expenses provided the Sub-grantee meets any one of the following criteria:

- a. Skills Development Needed -The Sub-grantee has one or more employees who have less than one full year of weatherization experience.
- b. Participation in Special Projects -The Sub-grantee is currently participating in any special project at the request of, or with the approval of, the State or Federal Weatherization Office (NJDCA or USDOE).
- c. Other Demonstrated Hardship The Sub-grantee has demonstrated extraordinary hardship, the nature of which is so severe that it jeopardizes the ability of the Sub-grantee to operate an effective weatherization program at the five percent administrative level.

It has been the Sub-grantee's responsibility to set aside sufficient administrative funds to conduct financial audits meeting USDOE guidelines. Sub-grantees are required to submit an audit of USDOE funds in accordance with 2 C.F.R. Chapter I, Chapter II, Part 200, et al., as applicable.

V.8.3 MONITORING ACTIVITIES

Program monitoring is the principal method by which DCA can affect the management of any weatherization

program and improve the quality of work. NJ WAP will monitor each Sub-grantee to ensure that the program is being implemented as required by US DOE, 10 C.F.R. § 440, New Jersey Field Guide, version 2021 and US DOE/NREL Standard Work Specifications (SWS), WPN 22-4 and in accordance with the guidelines set forth in the NJ WAP Policy and Procedures Manual. The New Jersey Field Guide will expire July 28, 2026. Monitoring activities include but are not limited to the following activities:

- Weekly Visits
- Quality Assurances Inspections of completed units
- Client File Reviews
- Energy Audit Reviews
- Annual Monitoring Visit
- Fiscal Monitoring
- Unscheduled Visits, i.e., inspections of work in progress for safe work practices, LSW, and other relevant factors.
- Production Tracking and Benchmarks
- Attendance at Bid Openings
- Inventory Reviews

NJ WAP ensures that each Sub-grantee continuously operates a quality weatherization program by providing on-site monitoring of both programmatic and fiscal management. The Program Monitoring Staff (State Monitors) is regularly accessible to each Sub-grantee to ensure regulatory compliance and to provide training and technical assistance. State Monitors are certified as Quality Control/Energy Auditor Inspectors and are prepared to engage in problem-solving at every level, promote an understanding of the goals of the program, and develop strategies in concert with Sub-grantees to overcome various issues and problem areas. They also examine work schedules and reports, oversee the sub-contracting process, and generally evaluate Sub-grantee performance.

During the 5-year of BIL; State Monitors will conduct at least one visit per week to each assigned WAP Agency for the purpose of providing technical assistance and/or conducting quality assurance inspections. At the end of the visit, the State Monitor will provide WAP Manager with a copy of the Subgrantee Monitoring Visit Report. WAP Managers are required to acknowledge receipt of the report by signing it. The Weekly Visit Reports are maintained on file at the NJ WAP offices and are utilized to evaluate WAP Agency. Any corrective action required from sub-grantee is followed up by the State Monitor on the next weekly visit. A sample monitoring report form can be found in the Appendix of the NJ WAP Policy and Procedures Manual. In addition, on a quarterly basis a production analysis will be conducted on each sub-grantee to determine if subgrantee is on track with benchmarks and the viability of production being completed as agreed upon. Production schedules and benchmarks will be required and shall be included in executed grant agreements with each subgrantee.

The rates of inspections conducted by the State Monitors are based on the performance of the Sub-grantee. At a minimum, due to the Covid-19 pandemic, 10% of the completed units for each Sub-grantee are inspected by State Monitors. Based on the number of failures, State Monitors may conduct an inspection on more than 10% of the units per invoice.

A total of 50% of the weatherized units will be inspected for Sub-grantees with substandard work as determined through quality control inspections until improvement has been demonstrated. New Sub-grantees must undergo 100% State Quality Assurances Inspections for a minimum of one year. State Monitors provide Sub-grantees with Final Inspection Form along with copies of the HESWAP Quality Control Form concerning failed units. Sample of both forms can be found in the Appendix of the Policy Manual.

State Monitors are required to inspect all jobs that have a total cost of less than \$800 for the crew-based agencies and less than \$1,000 for contractor installations. Units will not be approved if it is determined that effective weatherization jobs were not completed.

NJ WAP's monitoring tool tests the following: estimating, warehousing, product quality, craftsmanship, inventory, equipment, and vehicle maintenance, material installation, productivity, crew safety, reports, and public relations. Substantive assistance includes, but is not limited to, the following areas:

- Administrative and programmatic planning
- Planning outreach activities
- Intake and application process
- Workflow/reporting
- The energy audits
- Bidding
- Recruiting and selecting contractors
- Contract compliance
- Site clustering
- Inspecting the work
- Fiscal accountability

In addition to the weekly program monitoring, each Sub-grantee will undergo a risk assessment of its administrative and fiscal operations by a contracted Certified Public Accounting firm. DCA's Office of Auditing shall procure a CPA or will hire individuals to conduct the annual risk assessment of sub-grantees on a yearly basis throughout the 5-year program. Through the CPA firm, a risk-based analysis will be conducted on each agency to establish that sound accounting practices are in place, which safeguards the agencies' funds as well as ensures compliance with all applicable State and Federal Regulations and OMB Circulars. A copy of the monitoring report shall be provided to the Sub-grantee within 30 calendar days after the completion of a visit by the CPA firm. Sub-grantees are required to provide a corrective action plan within 20 business days. NJ WAP monitoring staff will conduct follow-up visits within 30 days to ensure corrective action plan has been implemented.

The risk assessment entailed:

- Examination of a sample of cash receipts to determine timeliness of deposits
- Examination of a sample of cash disbursements to determine appropriate initiation, authorization, and that expenditures were allowable under the grant agreement
- Examination of a sample of Financial Status Reports (FSR) submitted by the sub-recipient agency to determine comparability to general ledger detail and tie into cash disbursements
- If the agency has received a grant under the CARES Act, examination of at least one (1) CARES Act grant FSR
- Examine the bank reconciliations for the bank account used to receive and disburse grant funds to determine that the recordkeeping was performed properly and timely
- Examine the extent to which the sub-recipient has adequately performed and satisfied the performance objectives prescribed by the grant contract
- Examination of a sample of case files to determine proper program Eligibility
- Examination of prior period findings to determine if corrective action has been taken to resolve the finding

- Examination of corrective action plan submitted by agency to determine appropriateness of actions taken to resolve prior period findings
- Obtain social security numbers for all employees employed at the agency and perform a test to determine whether any employees at the agency applied for and/or received a program benefit; determine if employee was eligible to receive the program benefits, and if adequate policies and procedures were in place regarding employees who apply for and/or receive benefits
- Examination of inventory of equipment with a cost basis of greater than \$5,000
- Examination of specific authorization for any capital purchases over \$5,000
- Examination of contracts awarded to subcontractors to determine compliance with bid procedures as outlined in Chapter 6, Weatherization Assistance Program Policy Manual
- Examination of a sample of vendors contracted by the agency to determine compliance with suspension and debarment rules
- Confirmation that agencies are identifying historic properties registered with the NJ National Historic Preservation Act and adhering to the Programmatic Agreement for Historic Properties
- Confirmation that agencies are following DOE guideline with respect to COVID-19
- Other required testing attributes that are specific to each program

During the 5-years, the risk assessment will include compliance of:

- Davis Bacon Prevailing Wages specifically on multi-family building of 5 units are more
- Buy American
- National Environment Policy

In addition, the USDOE Monitoring Checklist will be incorporated within the risk assessment annual monitoring in accordance with WPN 22-4.

Reviews of energy audits are conducted by State Monitors on a quarterly basis to ensure the quality of work and for identifying training needs. State Monitors will randomly select three to four audits for review and provide Sub-grantee with a summary of findings.

In New Jersey, the vast majority of the Sub-grantees hire private contractors to perform the weatherization work. This ensures that different entities complete the work (contractors) and inspect the work (Sub-grantee staff). Two Sub-grantees employ crews to complete the work. Separation is achieved by the entities that complete the work (laborers and crew supervisor) and inspect the work (cost-estimator or manager). Approximately 69% of the training and technical assistance funds are used for monitoring.

<u>Training & Technical Assistance</u> (T&TA) addresses all problems and potential problem areas that have an impact on the effectiveness of the weatherization effort. Many problems are significantly reduced through T&TA programs that are specifically oriented to solving identified problems and their causes.

Progressive Compliance Mechanism

To avoid having to use the Progressive Compliance Mechanism steps, New Jersey staff implement several preventive techniques aimed at staving off compliance problems before they start. As with employee discipline problems, Sub-grantee compliance problems are rarely intentional. More often, they are a result of a lack of knowledge of how to complete projects and assignments within

accepted standards. When a lack of knowledge is not responsible for the non-compliance issue, however, the following steps comprise the Progressive Compliance Mechanism.

Informal Discussion with Sub-grantee - Discuss the agency's actions in relation to required standards according to contract. Determine the reasons for non-compliance. Stress agency's responsibility to maintain standards. End the talk with acknowledgment of agency's (or manager's) previous cooperation and good work.

Oral Warning to Sub-grantee - Emphasize undesirability of agency's continued non-compliance and possible consequences if continued (for the agency, group, and program). Violation is discussed in a straightforward manner. Offer to assist the agency to correct the deviation. Stress to the agency that there must be an improvement in the future.

Written Notification of Contract Non-Compliance to Executive Director and Weatherization Manager - This notice contains a statement of the specific violation(s) and the contract provision referred to therein, the potential consequences of future violations, the specific action required to correct the deviation and the deadline for taking this action. The offer of assistance is repeated. This notice also summarizes two previous steps.

Suspension or Termination of Contract - This is a serious action taken in extreme cases where the violation is serious in nature and/or the previous three steps have not produced change.

Reduction of Grant Award - This is an interim measure taken to encourage agency change short of suspension or termination of the grant. This may be implemented for less serious deviations from the contract.

V.8.4 TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE APPROACH AND ACTIVITIES

1.0 General Information

Recent advances in the field of building science underscore the need to upgrade the skills and equipment of the Sub-grantee staff. Significant energy conservation opportunities exist, which can only be addressed through instrumented building inspection techniques using furnace efficiency testing equipment, infiltration measurement devices, and under certain circumstances, infrared scanning equipment. Opportunities also exist to streamline and systematize weatherization program management functions through the introduction of computerized systems and electronic data transfer.

Staff turnover and the occasional appointment of new Sub-grantees also dictate that a core curriculum be developed to orient newcomers to the basics of the weatherization program; its goals, methods, and philosophy, as well as the practical job skills, required every day.

The management of the weatherization program at the local level requires expertise in a wide array of areas, including construction management, fiscal policy, client education, staff motivation, energy transfer theory, materials science, installation techniques, and related issues. In addition, Sub-grantees must operate their programs in accordance with a variety of governmental regulations and policies.

2.0 Overall Training and Technical Assistance Plan

NJ WAP incorporates feedback from external and internal sources through the Program Year. The incorporation of feedback has resulted in policy changes, training opportunities, updated forms, etc.

A Teams meeting was held with sub-grantees on October 20, 2021, and February 16, 2022, to discuss training needs, certifications and 2022 State Plan.

New Jersey has determined through experience that regularly scheduled meetings of DCA staff, and the staff

of the Sub-grantees, are essential to the optimum performance of the weatherization program. The dissemination of written information between these meetings reinforces their applicability to the program.

NJ WAP provides sub-grantees with monthly production status reports. These reports provide each sub-grantee with an overview of their performance based on spend-down of funds and completion of units. Sub-grantees are evaluated and ranked among each other, utilizing the Performance Ranking System, as stated in Section V.5 Weatherization Effectiveness Analysis of this State Plan. State Monitors provide sub-grantee status reports to WAP Supervisor that identifies problems, concerns, and recommended training needs.

Since Program Year 2015, the Virginia Community Housing Partners (CHP) was contracted as the NJ WAP Training Provider. Training is conducted annually with sub-grantees.

The Training Provider will continue to implement the weatherization training curriculum that is focused on the Standard Work Specifications (SWS) for Home Energy Upgrades for Single Family, Manufactured Housing and Multifamily Homes, and the New Jersey Field Guide SWS aligned. Training activities are intended to maintain or increase the efficiency, quality, and effectiveness of the NJ WAP at all levels.

3.0 Workforce Credentials

New Jersey Weatherization Assistance Program provides grants to subgrantees. Sub-grantees must meet the following criteria to receive funding:

- Have the experience and the capacity to complete and undertake the program activities as reflected in the Weatherization Workflow Process chart, as stated in the New Jersey Weatherization Assistance Program Policy and Procedures Manual, Chapter 7, WAP Agency's Grant Management and Program Operations, Section 1.2.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the current New Jersey State Plan for the Weatherization Assistance Program.
- Obtain required training, as indicated in the current NJ WAP State Plan, within 30 to 60 days of award.
- Demonstrate the ability to accept payment on a reimbursable basis and in accordance with Chapter 7, WAP Agency's Grant Management and Program Operations.
- Demonstrate experience in performing energy efficiency retrofits or related experience. Indicate the vehicles available and technical equipment necessary to perform all aspects of the program. Vehicles must meet Health and Safety standards.
- Have certified Quality Control Inspector/Energy Auditor on staff.
- Be certified as an RRP firm with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- Have a qualified technical field representative that can perform the job duties performed by both the estimator/evaluator and the heating system specialist.

For BIL 2022, NJWAP network consists of 17 certified Quality Control Inspectors and 20 certified Energy Auditors, including four State Monitors. Each sub grantee has current Environmental Protection Agency's Renovate, Repair and Paint Firm certifications. To maintain credentials, an Annual Training Plan is implemented to ensure that no certifications expired. Training and Certification tracking datasheet is updated monthly, at the request NJWAP, by subgrantees. Copies of certifications are maintained on file.

The New Jersey Department of Community Affairs (NJDCA) Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) will attempt to find qualified individuals to be able to fully staff and prepare for the anticipated increase of funds. These individuals will be required to have Quality Control Inspection (QCI) certifications, Energy Auditor (EA) and other relevant certifications to be considered. Due to the increased demand for these qualified individuals from the private sector, if hiring qualified and certified staff is not feasible, then the backup plan is to hire

individuals with some experience in the related field and enroll them with our procured NJ Training Partner to obtain those required and relevant certifications and train them to be the perfect staff for NJ's WAP.

4.0 Training

The OLIEC proposes to continue its efforts in increasing the productivity, quality, and scope of the weatherization program by offering workshops and seminars targeting a wide range of subject areas. Training is mandatory for sub-grantees unless a sub-grantee can provide proof that training proposed has been undertaken prior to. Proof includes but not limited to registration confirmation and certificate of completion. Sub-grantees are required to provide on an annual basis update on certifications obtained and training undertaken that is not sponsored or required by NJ WAP. Sub-grantees failing to adhere to required training is subject to the Progressive Compliance, as stated in Section V.7.3 Monitoring Activities of this State Plan. As part of the Progressive Compliance Process, sub-grantees are advised that staff may not function unsupervised until training and certification requirements are met. Failure to adhere to this policy can result in the loss of grant funding.

Comprehensive

NJ WAP will continue to focus its training listed below:

Training Topic	Target Start Date	Mandatory	Target Staff
Crew Leader	September 1, 2022	Y	Crew/Crew Leaders
Installer	September 1, 2022	Y	Crew/Crew Leaders/Contractors
Energy Auditor	December 1, 2022	Y	Energy Auditors
QCI	December 1, 2022	Y	QCI

Specific Training

Crews/Crew Leaders	Energy Auditors	QCI	WAP Managers and Other staff	Contractors
Retrofit Installer	HVAC Fundamentals	QCI Class	Dealing with Difficult Clients	Retrofit Installer
Crew Leaders	ASHRAE 62.2	QCI Testing	Financial Management	OSHA 10
Mobile Homes	NEAT	QCI	Project Management	RRP (if the contractor does not have it.)
OSHA 30	Energy Auditor		Team Building	
Retrofit Installer Field Mentoring	Energy Audit Testing			
NEAT Field Mentoring	RRP			
Energy Auditor Field Mentoring	OSHA 10			
SWS Refresher	Energy Auditor Field Mentoring			
	Mobile Homes			
	SWS Refresher			21

There will be three tracks of training ongoing throughout the 5-years. The first track will focus on the development and implementation of a weatherization program for new sub-grantees. New staff at existing agencies will participate in training for new agencies. New sub-grantees will be consecutive training for period of up to 3 months to build capacity through the LIHEAP Weatherization grant prior to awarding them a USDOE BIL grant. The second track will focus on refresher training for existing sub-grantees in all areas. The third track will target contractors participating in the Weatherization program. To encourage contractors to participate in trainings, sub-grantees will pay the cost of the training and obtain an execute a retention agreement indicating that contractor will participate in the Weatherization program for up to one year.

Single focus training will continue as priority needs are determined in the field. Trainings listed above will be incorporated in the Spring and Fall 2022 Training Calendar.

Administrative

- Dealing with Difficult Clients
- Financial Management
- Project Management

Administrative training are mostly provided at the Annual Training Conference. The Annual Training Conference for NJ WAP and Home Energy Assistance Program is being impacted by Covid-19 pandemic. For PY 2022, the Annual Conference will be postponed and will be held in person in the summer of 2023.

For PY 2022, State Monitors will be participating in the following annual conferences:

- 2022 Energy Outwest
- 2022 National Association for Community Services Program Annual Conference
- 2023 Home Performance Institute

Sub-grantees are encouraged to attend all available conferences and trainings.

5.0 Technical Assistance

Funding Monitoring

69% of USDOE 2022 regular Training and Technical Assistance funds will be used at the State level for monitoring.

How T&TA funds are apportioned

USDOE T&TA funds are appropriated at the State level for salary and related expenses of Field Monitoring personnel and other OLIEC/DHCR staff (64%). Each Sub-grantee will be allowed to allocate 10% of total grant award for T&TA activities. The remaining T&TA funds will be held for Tier 1, Tier 2 training, and the Annual Conference.

Other funds for monitoring

Other funds for monitoring are derived from the USDHHS (LIHEAP Transfer) 2022 program.

Assessment of T&TA activities' effectiveness

The effectiveness of T&TA activities is measured through a survey of the training participants after each training event. Participant response to training offered to date has been positive as measured by this method.

NJ WAP will, on a quarterly basis, solicit from the sub-grantees' opinions concerning their own training needs and incorporate responses into the training agenda on an ad hoc basis.

In addition, CHP, training provider, will provide quarterly Summary of Training Activities and Outcomes.

6.0 Client Education

Sub-grantees provide client education to clients during the initial and final inspection. During the initial inspection client is provided with the following educational materials:

- Lead Safe Guide to Renovate Right
- Citizens Guide to Radon
- A brief guide to Mold, Moisture and Your Home
- Sure, Your Home is Clean but is it Safe for Your Family
- Asbestos Safety Information
- Electrical Safety Booklet
- Combustion Appliances Handout
- Seven Tips for Keeping a Healthy Home
- Safe Pest Control

Starting July 1, 2022, the Hazard Identification Notification Form will be provided to all clients. At final inspection, clients are provided with client education on combustion appliances and maintenance. All health and safety (H&S) issues must be documented on the Educational Materials Notification/Health and Safety. Assessment and the Hazard Identification Notification, in which a copy must be provided to the client.

V.9 ENERGY CRISIS AND DISASTER PLAN

When disasters strike and in accordance with Weatherization Program Notice 12-07, NJ WAP funds are limited to eligible weatherization activities and the purchase and delivery of weatherization materials. NJ WAP will weatherize homes in accordance with program rules and regulations.

Acceptable uses of DOE WAP funding during Disasters:

- 1. Replacement of prior weatherization materials in compliance with 10 C.F.R § 440.18(f) (2) (ii), which permits replacement if the materials are not paid for by the insurance or FEMA.
- 2. Incidental repairs to make the installation of weatherization materials effective in compliance with WPN 12-09 Incidental Repair Measure Guidance (debris removal is included in disaster replacement).
- 3. Cost to eliminate health and safety hazards necessary to the installation of weatherization materials.
- 4. Energy-related health and safety as identified in the NJ Health and Safety Plan outlined in Master File.

Health and Safety expenditure could be increased by DCA for crisis damaged units as applicable.

ATTACHMENTS

SF-424 APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

BUDGET

BUDGET JUSTIFICATION

ANNUAL FILE

HEALTH AND SAFETY

OMB Number: 4040-004 Expiration Date: 10/31/2019

APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL ASSISTANCE SF-4	124		Version02
Type of Submission: Preapplication Application Changed/Corrected Application	Z. Type of Application: X New Continuation Revision	If Revision, select appropriate letter(s) Other (specify):	
3. Date Received		4. Applicant Identifier:	
5a. Fed Entity Identifier:		5b. Federal Award Identifier: DE-EE0010002 (SF424 revision 1)	
State Use Only:			
6. Date Received by State:		7. State Application Identifier:	
8. APPLICANT INFORMATION:			
a. Legal Name: New Jersey, State of			
b. Employer/Taxpayer Identification Number (EIN/TIN): 216000928		c. UEI: NFGKVVF89Q55	
d. Address:			
Street 1: 101 S. Broad St.			
Street 2: PO Box 811			
City: Trenton			
County: MERCER County			
State: NJ			
Province:			
Country: U.S.A.			
Zip / Postal Code: 086250811			
e. Organizational Unit:			
Department Name:		Division Name:	
NJ Department of Community Affairs		Housing and Community Resources	
f. Name and contact information of person to be contacted o	n matters involving this aរុ	pplication:	
Prefix: Ms First Na Middle Name: Last Name: Armand Suffix:	me: Angie		
Title: Supervisor			
Organizational Affiliation:			
Telephone Number: 6099847920		Fax Number: 6092929798	
Email: angie.armand@dca.state.nj.us			

OMB Number: 4040-004 piration Date: 10/31/2019

APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL ASSISTANCE SF-424	Expiration Date: 10/31/2019 Version 02
9. Type of Applicant:	
A State Government	
10. Name of Federal Agency:	
U. S. Department of Energy	
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:	
81.042	
CFDA Title:	
Weatherization Assistance Program: Bipartisan Infrastructure Law	
12. Funding Opportunity Number:	
DE-WBI-0002022	
Title:	
2022 WAP Bipartisan Infrastructure Law	
13. Competition Identification Number:	
Title:	
14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):	
Statewide	
15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:2022 New Jersey Low-Income Weatherization Assistance Program BIL Formula Award	
2022 New Jersey Low-Illoune Weatherization Assistance Program DL Formula Award	

OMB Number: 4040-004 Expiration Date: 10/31/2019

APPLICATION FOR	R FEDERAL ASS	ISTANCE SF-424	1			Version 02
16. Congressional Distric	ct Of:					
a. Applicant: Ne	ew Jersey Congression	nal District 12		b. Program/Project:	NJ-Statewide	
Attach an additional list	of Program/Project (Congressional Distri	cts if needed:			
17. Proposed Project: a. Start Date: 07/	/01/2022			b. End Date:	06/30/2023	
18. Estimated Funding (\$	\$):					
a. Federal	0.00					
b. Applicant	0.00					
c. State	0.00					
d. Local	0.00					
e. Other	0.00					
f. Program Income	0.00					
g. TOTAL	0.00					
b. Program is subj	n was made available oject to E.O. 12372 but covered by E.O. 1237 inquent On Any Feder ication, I certify (1) to te and accurate to the	to the State under the thas not been selected. It has not been selected.	e Executive Order 1: ed by the State for re rovide explanation) ntained in the list of	2372 Process for revie eview. certifications** and the required assuran	(2) that the ces** and agree	
Authorized Representat	tive:					
Prefix: Ms	s	First Name:	Janel			
Middle Name:						
Last Name: Wi	inter					
Suffix:						
Title: Div	vision Director					
Telephone Number:	6096336153			Fax Number:	6099848454	
Email:	Janel.winter@dca	ı.nj.gov				
Signature of Authorized If Authorized for Local Reproduction	-	Signed Electroni	cally		Date Signed:	Standard Form 424 (Revised 10/2005) Prescribed by OMB Circular A-102

BUDGET INFORMATION - Non-Construction Programs

1. Program/Project Identification No. EE0010002		Program/Project Title Weatherization Assistance Program	m: Bipartisan Infrastructure Law	
3. Name and Address New Jersey, State of			4. Program/Project Start Date	07/01/2022
	101 S. Broad St. Trenton, NJ 086250811		5. Completion Date	06/30/2023

SECTION A - BUDGET SUMMARY							
Grant Program		Estimated Unobligated Funds		New or Revised Budget			
Function or Activity (a)	Federal Catalog No. (b)	Federal (c)	Non-Federal (d)	Federal (e)	Non-Federal (f)	Total (g)	
1. Federal	81.042	\$ 0.00		\$ 87,212,248.00		\$ 87,212,248.00	
2.							
3.							
4.							
5. TOTAL		\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 87,212,248.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 87,212,248.00	

SECTION B - BUDGET CATEGORIES							
6. Object Class Categories		Total					
	(1) GRANTEE ADMINISTRATI ON	(2) SUBGRANTEE ADMINISTRATI ON	(3) GRANTEE T&TA	(4) SUBGRANTEE T&TA	(5)		
a. Personnel	\$ 1,633,755.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 2,096,924.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 3,730,679.00		
b. Fringe Benefits	\$ 997,407.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 1,280,172.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 2,277,579.00		
c. Travel	\$ 32,270.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 163,095.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 195,365.00		
d. Equipment	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 190,159.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 190,159.00		
e. Supplies	\$ 13,990.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 41,973.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 55,963.00		
f. Contract	\$ 3,730,034.00	\$ 6,540,919.00	\$ 7,833,162.00	\$ 3,489,608.00	\$ 80,484,354.00		
g. Construction	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00		
h. Other Direct Costs	\$ 20,732.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 20,732.00		
i. Total Direct Charges	\$ 6,428,188.00	\$ 6,540,919.00	\$ 11,605,485.00	\$ 3,489,608.00	\$ 86,954,831.00		
j. Indirect Costs	\$ 112,729.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 144,688.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 257,417.00		
k. Totals	\$ 6,540,917.00	\$ 6,540,919.00	\$ 11,750,173.00	\$ 3,489,608.00	\$ 87,212,248.00		
7. Program Income	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00		

BUDGET INFORMATION - Non-Construction Programs

1. Program/Project Identification No. EE0010002		Program/Project Title Weatherization Assistance Program	m: Bipartisan Infrastructure Law	
3. Name and Address New Jersey, State of			4. Program/Project Start Date	07/01/2022
	101 S. Broad St. Trenton, NJ 086250811		5. Completion Date	06/30/2023

	SECTION A - BUDGET SUMMARY						
Grant Program		Estimated Unc	bligated Funds	Ν	New or Revised Budg	et	
Function or Activity (a)	Federal Catalog No. (b)	Federal (c)	Non-Federal (d)	Federal (e)	Non-Federal (f)	Total (g)	
1.							
2.							
3.							
4.							
5. TOTAL		\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 87,212,248.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 87,212,248.00	

SECTION B - BUDGET CATEGORIES					
6. Object Class Categories		Grant Program, Function or Activity			Total
	(1) PROGRAM OPERATIONS	(2) HEALTH AND SAFETY	(3) LIABILITY INSURANCE	(4) FINANCIAL AUDITS	(5)
a. Personnel	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 3,730,679.00
b. Fringe Benefits	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 2,277,579.00
c. Travel	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 195,365.00
d. Equipment	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 190,159.00
e. Supplies	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 55,963.00
f. Contract	\$ 48,275,055.00	\$ 7,858,730.00	\$ 1,378,423.00	\$ 1,378,423.00	\$ 80,484,354.00
g. Construction	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
h. Other Direct Costs	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 20,732.00
i. Total Direct Charges	\$ 48,275,055.00	\$ 7,858,730.00	\$ 1,378,423.00	\$ 1,378,423.00	\$ 86,954,831.00
j. Indirect Costs	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 257,417.00
k. Totals	\$ 48,275,055.00	\$ 7,858,730.00	\$ 1,378,423.00	\$ 1,378,423.00	\$ 87,212,248.00
7. Program Income	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY



BUDGET JUSTIFICATION FOR FORMULA GRANTS

Applicant: New Jersey, State of Budget period: 07/01/2022 - 06/30/2023 Award number: EE0010002

1. <u>PERSONNEL</u> - Prime Applicant only (all other participant costs are listed in 6 below and form SF-242A, Section B. Line 6.f. Contracts and Sub-Grants).

Positions to be supported under the proposed award and brief description of the duties of professionals:

Position	Description of Duties of Professionals		
Program Specialist 3, Socio-Economic Programs	State Monitors conduct quality control inspections of completed		
	units, provide technical assistance and training to sub-grantees, and		
	weekly monitoring of sub-grantees to ensure grant compliance.		
Program Support Specialist 2	State Monitors conduct quality control inspections of completed		
	units, provide technical assistance and training to sub-grantees, and		
	weekly monitoring of sub-grantees to ensure grant compliance.		
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8 11 1	units, provide technical assistance and training to sub-grantees, and		
	weekly monitoring of sub-grantees to ensure grant compliance.		
Program Support Specialist 3	State Monitors conduct quality control inspections of completed		
	units, provide technical assistance and training to sub-grantees, and		
	weekly monitoring of sub-grantees to ensure grant compliance.		
Program Specialist 4 - Bilingual	Oversees, administers and manages the day-to-day operations of the		
Tregram Specialist 1 21mgam	Weatherization Assistance Program.		
Technical Management Information Systems	Oversees the management of the Hancock Energy Services for the		
	Weatherization Assistance Program (HESWAP) that is utilized to		
	track completed units and expenditures of sub-grantees.		
Management Assistant	To provide management assistance to Supervisor of the Office of		
gee.	Low-Income Energy Conservation in the day-to-day operations of		
	the Weatherization Assistance Program and related programs.		
Technical Assistant 3	Provides support in fiscal activities such as purchase orders,		
1 001111 VIII 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	purchasing of supplies and equipment, travel requests, etc.		
Program Specialist 1	Processes grant agreements, revisions or amendments for		
rogram specialist r	sub-grantees.		
Section Supervisor, Fiscal Resources	-		
occuon oupervisor, riscar resources	Assists in the oversight of fiscal management and administration of the division of Housing and Community Resources which includes		
	WAP.		
Program Specialist 1			
riogram specianst i	Processes grant agreements, revisions or amendments for		
D	sub-grantees.		
Program Specialist 1	Processes grant agreements, revisions, amendments and financial		
9	status reports for sub-grantees.		
Secretarial Assistant 1, Non-steno	Provides clerical and administrative support in processing travel		
	requests, purchase requests, etc. for the Division of Housing and		
	Community Resources.		

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Technical Assistant Provides human resources and administrative assistance to the division's programs. Division Director Oversees the Division of Housing and Community Resources which includes WAP. Assistant Director Assists in the administration and management of the Division. The Office of Low-Income Energy Conservation is under this position oversight. Executive Assistant 2 Processes administrative tasks for the Division of Housing and Community Resources which includes WAP. Accountant 3 Processes and completes fiscal tasks that includes but not limited to purchase orders, sub-grantees' payments, etc.

Direct Personnel Compensation:

Position	Salary/Rate	Time	Direct Pay
Program Specialist 3, Socio-Economic Programs	\$548,578.00	50.0000 % FT	\$274,289.00
Program Support Specialist 2	\$434,952.00	50.0000 % FT	\$217,476.00
Program Support Specialist 2	\$434,952.00	50.0001 % FT	\$217,476.43
Program Support Specialist 2	\$434,952.00	50.0000 % FT	\$217,476.00
Program Support Specialist 3	\$307,222.00	100.0000 % FT	\$307,222.00
Program Support Specialist 3	\$307,222.00	100.0001 % FT	\$307,222.31
Program Support Specialist 3	\$307,222.00	100.0001 % FT	\$307,222.31
Program Specialist 4 - Bilingual	\$631,328.00	87.0000 % FT	\$549,255.36
Technical Management Information Systems	\$301,943.00	56.0001 % FT	\$169,088.38
Management Assistant	\$366,568.00	87.0000 % FT	\$318,914.16
Technical Assistant 3	\$388,302.00	20.0000 % FT	\$77,660.40
Program Specialist 1	\$477,075.00	20.0000 % FT	\$95,415.00
Section Supervisor, Fiscal Resources	\$573,657.00	15.0000 % FT	\$86,048.55
Program Specialist 1	\$264,837.00	30.0000 % FT	\$79,451.10
Program Specialist 1	\$245,816.00	20.0001 % FT	\$49,163.45
Secretarial Assistant 1, Non-steno	\$330,378.00	15.0000 % FT	\$49,556.70
Technical Assistant	\$293,099.00	20.0000 % FT	\$58,619.80
Division Director	\$745,200.00	15.0000 % FT	\$111,780.00
Assistant Director	\$648,000.00	15.0000 % FT	\$97,200.00
Executive Assistant 2	\$494,255.00	20.0000 % FT	\$98,851.00
Accountant 3	\$206,454.00	20.0000 % FT	\$41,290.80
		Direct Pay Total	\$3,730,678.75

2. FRINGE BENEFITS

- a. Are the fringe cost rates approved by a Federal Agency? If so, identify the agency and date of latest rate agreement or audit below, and attach a copy of the rate agreement to the application.
 61.05%
- b. If a. above does not apply, please use this box (or an attachment) to further explain how your total fringe benefits costs were calculated. Your calculations should identify all rates used, along with the base they were applied to (and how the base was derived), and a total for each (along with grand total). If there is an established computation methodology approved for state-wide use, please provide a copy. Also, please fill out the table below with the Fringe Benefits Calculations.

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Fringe Benefits Calculations

Position	Direct Pay	Rate	Benefits
Program Specialist 3, Socio-Economic Programs	\$274,289.00	61.0500 %	\$167,453.43
Program Support Specialist 2	\$217,476.00	61.0500 %	\$132,769.10
Program Support Specialist 2	\$217,476.43	61.0500 %	\$132,769.36
Program Support Specialist 2	\$217,476.00	61.0500 %	\$132,769.10
Program Support Specialist 3	\$307,222.00	61.0500 %	\$187,559.03
Program Support Specialist 3	\$307,222.31	61.0500 %	\$187,559.22
Program Support Specialist 3	\$307,222.31	61.0500 %	\$187,559.22
Program Specialist 4 - Bilingual	\$549,255.36	61.0500 %	\$335,320.40
Technical Management Information Systems	\$169,088.38	61.0500 %	\$103,228.46
Management Assistant	\$318,914.16	61.0500 %	\$194,697.09
Technical Assistant 3	\$77,660.40	61.0500 %	\$47,411.67
Program Specialist 1	\$95,415.00	61.0500 %	\$58,250.86
Section Supervisor, Fiscal Resources	\$86,048.55	61.0500 %	\$52,532.64
Program Specialist 1	\$79,451.10	61.0500 %	\$48,504.90
Program Specialist 1	\$49,163.45	61.0500 %	\$30,014.29
Secretarial Assistant 1, Non-steno	\$49,556.70	61.0500 %	\$30,254.37
Technical Assistant	\$58,619.80	61.0500 %	\$35,787.39
Division Director	\$111,780.00	61.0500 %	\$68,241.69
Assistant Director	\$97,200.00	61.0500 %	\$59,340.60
Executive Assistant 2	\$98,851.00	61.0500 %	\$60,348.54
Accountant 3	\$41,290.80	61.0500 %	\$25,208.03
		Fringe Benefits Total	\$2,277,579.39

3. TRAVEL

a. Please provide the purpose of travel, such as professional conference(s), DOE sponsored meeting(s), project management meeting, etc. If there is any foreign travel, please identify.

Purpose of Trip	Number of Trips	Cost Per Trip	Total
Estimated travel costs for NASCSP Mid-Winter and Annual Conference from 2022-2027 for Program Manager (10 per trips). National Home Performance Conference from 2022-2027 for 6 State Monitors (30 trips).	40	\$3,091.25	\$123,650.00
Estimated travel reimbursements and costs for the weekly monitoring, QCIs, and technical assistance, maintenance of State vehicles, EZ Pass for five years.	3500	\$20.49	\$71,715.00
		Travel Total	\$195,365.00

b. Please provide the basis for estimating the costs, such as past trips, current quotations, Federal Travel Regulations, etc. All listed travel must be necessary for the performance of the award objectives.

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NASCSP Mid-Winter Conferences and National Home Performance Conference:

For 2022, Senior State Monitor attended the Annual NASCSP conference at a total cost of \$3,044. From 2022 through 2027. It is estimated that there will be 2 conferences per year for a total of 10. Projected cost for 2022-2027 is based on a 6% estimated increase in cost. \$3,044*.06=\$183+\$3,044=\$3,227 per trip. A total of \$\$3,227*10=\$32,270

For 2022, State Monitors attended the National Home Performance Conference in Tennessee. The average cost per person was \$2,873.71. For the 2022-2027 Program Period, 6 State Monitors will be attending this conference. With a 6% increase in costs, it is estimated that the average costs as follows: \$2,874*.06=\$172+\$2,874=\$3,046. Total projected conferences is 5 * 6 individuals= 30 trips. Estimated total cost is \$3,046*30=\$91,380.

Monitoring, Technical Assistance and QCIs:

For the purposes of estimating charges for 2022-2027, we utilize the costs incurred from July 2020 through December 30, 2022. Central Motoro Pool: YTD expenses was \$13,368. Charged for 4 vehicles @\$220/mo./vehicle and 1 vehicle @ \$234/mo. The monthly totals \$1,114. 75% is charged to DOE T&TA (\$835.50)

EZPass: YTD charged to DOE T&TA=\$3,562.47 (\$593.74/mo). 75% is charged to DOE T&TA (\$445.312).

Mileage /Travel: Actual YTD expenses total charged to DOE T&TA = \$962.17. \$80.18 per month.

Estimated total for one year follows:

Central Motor Pool \$836*12 months = \$10,032

EZ Pass \$445 * 12 months =\$5,340

Mileage/Travel \$964*6%\$58+\$964=\$1,022

Total for one program year = \$16,394 (estimated 800 trips) = \$20.49 per trip.

- 4. <u>EQUIPMENT</u> Equipment is generally defined as an item with an acquisition cost greater than \$5,000 and a useful life expectancy of more than one year.
 - a. List all proposed equipment below and briefly justify its need as it applies to the objectives of the award.

		•		
Equipment	Unit Cost	Number	Total Cost	Justification of Need
Estimated costs for equipment	\$38,031.80	5	\$190,159.00	Year 1 and 3 is for purchase of new equipment.
				Years 2,4,5 estimated costs for calibration of
				equipment. Year 2 set aside is \$15,000, Year 4
				set aside is \$15,000 and Year 5 is \$10,000. Year
				1 is \$112,922 for purchase of new equipment
				for the new 2 hires and upgrade of equipment
				for 4 current State Monitors. Year 3 estimate is
				\$37,237. Unit of cost is 5 for the number of
				years.
	Ean	ipment Total	\$190,159.00	
	Equ	ipineni rotai	Ψ190,139.00	

b. Please provide a basis of cost such as vendor quotes, catalog prices, prior invoices, etc. and justify need. If the Equipment is being proposed as Cost Share and was previously acquired, please provide the source and value of its contribution to the project and logical support for the estimated value shown. If it is new equipment which will retain a useful life upon completion of the project, provide logical support for the estimated value shown. Also, please indicate whether the Equipment is being used for other projects or is 100% dedicated to the DOE project.

Quantity	Equipment	Total Cost
5	TEC Minneapolis Duct Blaster (No gauge)	\$8,945
5	TEC Minneapolis Blower Door (No gauge)	\$13,085
6	TESTO 300 Residential/Commercial	\$9,532
	Combustion Analyzer Smoke Edition	
2	FLIR CG Compact Thermal Imaging	\$1,440 (new monitors)
1	TEC Minneapolis DG 1000	\$1,695 (backup unit)
6	TESTO 606-2 Material Moisture Meter with	\$1,173
	Humidity & Temp	
6	Trutech Tools Static Pressure Test Kits	\$282.00

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- 5. <u>SUPPLIES</u> Supplies are generally defined as an item with an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or less and a useful life expectancy of less than one year. Supplies are generally consumed during the project performance.
 - a. List all proposed supplies below, the estimated cost, and briefly justify the need for the supplies as they apply to the objectives of the award. Note that all direct costs, including Supply items, may not be duplicative of supply costs included in the indirect pool that is the basis of the indirect rate applied for this project.

General Category		Cost	Justification of Need
Office Supplies		\$55,963.00	Office supplies for 9 staff members and 2 pending hires from 2022-2027. An average of \$11,193 per year.
	Materials and Supplies Total	\$55,963.00	

b. Please provide a basis of cost for each item listed above and justify need. Examples include vendor quotes, prior purchases of similar or like items, published price list, etc.

Office supplies for 9 staff members and 2 pending hires from 2022-2027. Also, annual calibration of current equipment. An average of \$11,193 per year.

6. CONTRACTS AND SUBGRANTS - Provide the following information for New proposed subrecipients and subcontractors. For ongoing subcontractors and subrecipients, this information does not have to be restated here, if it is provided elsewhere in the application; under Name of Proposed Sub, indicate purpose of work and where additional information can be found (i.e weatherization subgrants, Annual File section IV.1).

Name of Proposed Sub	Total Cost	Basis of Cost*
HESWAP Maintenance	\$1,018,875.00	Total costs reflects shared portion of total contract applicable to USDOE grant for the 2022-2027 Program period.
Outreach Agencies	\$3,730,035.00	NJ WAP will release a Request for Proposal to contract with community-based organizations to conduct additional outreach and assist WAP sub-grantees with outreach.
Annual Monitoring - CPA Firm	\$2,000,000.00	Estimated costs to conduct risk assessment and monitoring, both administrative and fiscal, of sub-grantees for Program Years 2022-2027.
Technical Assistance and Training	\$5,036,409.00	Estimated allocation to retain Training Provider to conduct training identified in this State Plan, Master File, Section V.8.4 for 2022-2027 Program Years.
16 Community-based organizations	\$48,699,036.00	See Annual File, Section IV.1 for BIL Infrastructure 2022-2027.
Multi-Family Weatherization Initiative	\$10,000,000.00	NJ WAP will release a Request for Proposal to select a sub-grantee that will focus on weatherizing multi-family projects.
Performance Fund	\$10,000,000.00	Performance Fund to provide additional funds to sub-grantees that exceed performance.
Contracts and Subgrants Total	\$80,484,355.00	

^{*}For example, Competitive, Historical, Quote, Catalog

- 7. OTHER DIRECT COSTS Other direct costs are direct cost items required for the project which do not fit clearly into other categories. These direct costs may not be duplicative of costs included in the indirect pool that is the basis of the indirect rate applied for this project. Examples are: conference fees, subscription costs, printing costs, etc.
 - a. Please provide a General Description, Cost and Justification of Need.

General Description	Cost	Justification of Need
NASCSP Annual Dues	\$20,732.00	Annual dues for NASCSP with estimates increases of 6%
		Year 1,5% Year 2,4% Year 3,3% Year 4 and 2% Year 5.

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Other Direct Costs Total \$20,732.00

b. Please provide a basis of cost for each item listed above. Examples include vendor quotes, prior purchases of similar or like items, published price list, etc.

Annual dues with small years each year. Year 2022 Annual dues are \$3,754.

8. INDIRECT COSTS

- a. Are the indirect cost rates approved by a Federal agency? If so, identify the agency and date of latest rate agreement or audit and provide a copy of the rate agreement.
 - Negotiated rate for Fiscal Year 2021-2022 for indirect costs with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, our cognizant agency, is 6.9%.
- b. If the above does not apply, indicate the basis for computation of rates, including the types of benefits to be provided, the rate(s) used, and the cost base for each rate. You may provide the information below or provide the calculations separately.

The name and phone number of the individual responsible for negotiating the State's indirect cost rates.

Name: Phone Number:

Indirect costs calculations:

Indirect Cost Account	Direct Total	Indirect Rate	Total Indirect
Predetermined	\$3,730,678.00	6.9000 %	\$257,416.78
		Indirect Costs Total	\$257,416.78

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OMB Control No: 1910-5127 Expiration Date: 05/31/2023

U.S. Department of Energy WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (WAP) WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET

(Grant Number: EE0010002, State: NJ, Program Year: 2022)

IV.1 Subgrantees

Subgrantee (City)	Planned Funds/Units
BAYONNE ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOUNDATION (Bayonne)	\$1,000,000.00
(E-1)	91
BERGEN COUNTY COMM. ACTION PROG., INC. (Hackensack)	\$3,575,803.00 342
	\$3,271,344.00
CAMDEN COUNTY COUNCIL ON ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY (Pennsauken)	315
COMMUNITY AFFAIRS AND RESOURCE CENTER, INC. (Asbury Park)	\$2,464,540.00
COMMONT IN THIS THE DESCONCE CENTER, INC. (1860aly Fair)	224
Gateway Community Action Partnership (Bridgeton)	\$3,133,751.00 281
	\$2,172,073.00
Isles, Inc. (Hamilton)	192
LA CAGA DE DOMPEDRO (M	\$5,173,502.00
LA CASA DE DON PEDRO (Newark)	475
NATIVE AMERICAN ADVANCEMENT CORP (Bridgeton)	\$2,594,640.00
Tutti Dinizide i ti i Dinizide i dinizide i	239
NJ Department of Community Affairs (Trenton)	\$20,000,000.00 2,054
	\$1,524,752.00
NORTHWEST NJ COMMUNITY ACTION PROGRAM, INC. (Phillipsburg)	128
OCE AN COMMUNITY ACTION NOW INC (Toma Direct)	\$4,540,765.00
OCEAN COMMUNITY ACTION NOW, INC. (Toms River)	398
PASSAIC COUNTY BRD OF CHOSEN FREEHOLD (Totowa)	\$3,923,696.00
	92 720 567 00
PUERTO RICAN ACTION BOARD, INC. (PRAB) (New Brunswick)	\$3,739,567.00 340
	\$4,319,690.00
Puerto Rican Organization for Community Economic Development (Elizabeth)	396
Puertorriquenos Asociados for Community Organization (Jersey City)	\$4,200,770.00
1 denormations Association for Community Organization (Jersey City)	385
Saint Joseph's Carpenter Society (Camden)	\$1,766,566.00
	\$1,519,697.00
The Morris County Organization for Hispanic Affairs, Inc. (Dover)	\$1,519,697.00
	\$68,921,156.00
Total:	6,516

IV.2 WAP Production Schedule

Wea	therization Plans	Units
Tot	al Units (excluding reweatherized)	6,516
Rev	veatherized Units	0
Average Unit Costs, Units subject to DOE Project Rules		
V	EHICLE & EQUIPMENT AVERAGE COST PER DWELLING UNIT (DOE RULES)	
A	Total Vehicles & Equipment (\$5,000 or more) Budget	\$0.00
В	Total Units Weatherized	6,516

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OMB Control No: 1910-5127 Expiration Date: 05/31/2023

U.S. Department of Energy WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (WAP) WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET

(Grant Number: EE0010002, State: NJ, Program Year: 2022)

С	Total Units Reweatherized	0
D	Total Dwelling Units to be Weatherized and Reweatherized (B + C)	6,516
Е	Average Vehicles & Equipment Acquisition Cost per Unit (A divided by D)	\$0.00
1	AVERAGE COST PER DWELLING UNIT (DOE RULES)	
F	Total Funds for Program Operations	\$48,275,056.00
G	Total Dwelling Units to be Weatherized and Reweatherized (from line D)	6,516
Н	Average Program Operations Costs per Unit (F divided by G)	\$7,408.69
I	Average Vehicles & Equipment Acquisition Cost per Unit (from line E)	\$0.00
J	Total Average Cost per Dwelling (H plus I)	\$7,408.69

IV.3 Energy Savings

Method used to calculate savings: ✓WAP algorithm □ Other (describe below)			
	Units	Savings Calculator (MBtus)	Energy Savings
This Year Estimate	6516	29.3	190919
Prior Year Estimate	1027	29.3	30091
Prior Year Actual	357	29.3	10460
Method used to calculate savings description:			

IV.4 DOE-Funded Leveraging Activities

IV.5 Policy Advisory Council Members

 \Box Check if an existing state council or commision serves in this category and add name below

	Type of organization: Other	
Native American Advancement Corp	Contact Name:	Tyrese Gould Jacinto
Native American Advancement Corp	Phone:	8564550600
	Email:	TyGould@NativeAdvancement.org
	Typeoforganization	: Unit of State Government
NJ Department of Community Affairs	Contact Name:	Jerry Rizziello
No Department of Continuinty Arians	Phone:	6099157747
	Email:	<u>Jerry.Rizziello@dca.nj.gov</u>
	Typeoforganization	: Non-profit (not a financial institution)
NJ SHARES	Contact Name:	Cheryl B. Stowell
NJ SHAKES	Phone:	6098831460
	Email:	cstowell@njshares.org
	Typeoforganization	: Unit of State Government
Office of Home Energy	Contact Name:	Fidel Ekhelar
Office of Hothe Energy	Phone:	
		<u>Fidel.Ekhelar@dca.nj.gov</u>
		: Unit of Local Government
Passaic County Board of County Commissioners	Contact Name:	
1 assure county Board of County Commissioners	Phone:	9735694710
	Email:	kevinba@passaiccountynj.org
	Type of organization	
Public Service Electric and Gas		ClaireBartolomeo
1 done betwee Licente and Oas	Phone:	
	Email:	<u>claire.bartolomeo@pseg.com</u>
	Type of organization	: Utility

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OMB Control No: 1910-5127 Expiration Date: 05/31/2023 (08/05)

U.S. Department of Energy WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (WAP) WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET

(Grant Number: EE0010002, State: NJ, Program Year: 2022)

Public Service Electric and Gas	Contact Name:	Marlon Avelino
I done service Electric and Gas	Phone:	9733433550
	Email:	Marlon.Avelino@pseg.com

IV.6 State Plan Hearings (Note: attach notes and transcripts to the SF-424)

Date Held	Newspapers that publicized the hearings and the dates the notice ran
11/09/2022	Published in the Press of Atlantic City, Courier Times, The Trenton Times, Asbury Park Press, Burlington County Times and the Star Ledger

IV.7 Miscellaneous

1. Identification of Principal Investigator and Business Officer:

Principal Investigator:

Angie Armand, Supervisor

Weatherization Assistance Program

Office of Low Income Energy Conservation

Division of Housing and Community Resources

NJ Department of Community Affairs

PO Box 811

Trenton, NJ 08625-0811 TEL: 609-984-7920 FAX: 609-292-9798 Angie.armand@dca.nj.gov

Business Officer:

Janel Winter, Division Director

Division of Housing and Community Resources

NJ Department of Community Affairs

PO Box 806

Trenton, NJ 08625-0806 TEL: 609-633-6204 FAX: 609-292-979 Janel.winter@dca.nj.gov

2. Policy Advisory Council

Policy Advisory Council serves in an advisory capacity for all Weatherization Assistance Programs including the two funded through LIHEAP Funds, LIHEAP WAP and Heating Improvement Program (HIP).

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Weatherization Grantee Health and Safety (H&S) Plan- *Optional Template*

New Jersey Weatherization Assistance Program

1.0-GENERAL INFORMATION

Additional information that does not fit neatly in one of the other sections of this document.

- All health and safety (H&S) issues must be documented on the *Educational Materials Notification/Health and Safety Assessment* and the *Hazard Identification Notification*, in which a copy must be provided to the client.
- Legible color photographs of pre-existing and post (corrected) H&S issues must be retained in the client file.
- All testing result(s) and or final clearance report(s) must be retained in the client file.
- All health and safety installs must meet Standard Work Specifications (SWS) and or the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).
- The copy of any municipality permit(s) that are needed for the H&S scope of services must be retained in the client file.

Due to the COVID 19 pandemic, it is of great significance to promote social distancing and digital technologies. Intake workers should be collecting applications remotely, if possible, and in instances where remote applications are not feasible, implement strict distancing protocols to obtain applications.

Collecting client signatures on required H&S documentation can be mailed and/or electronically signed. (If the client is unable to sign documents electronically, implement strict distancing protocols to obtain signed documents.

2.0 – BUDGETING

Grantees are encouraged to budget H&S costs as a separate category and, thereby, exclude such costs from the Average Cost Per Unit (ACPU) cost limitation. This separate category also allows these costs to be isolated from energy efficiency costs in program evaluations. H&S costs that are budgeted and reported under the Program Operations category rather than the H&S category, the related H&S costs must be included in the calculation of the ACPU and cost-justified through the Grantee's Department of Energy (DOE)-approved energy audit tool.

Select which option used below. Separate H&S Budget ☑ Contained in Program Operations □

3.0-H&S EXPENDITURE LIMITS

Pursuant to 10 CFR 440.16(h), Grantees must establish H&S expenditure limits for their Program and provide justification for those limits by explaining the basis and related historical H&S expenditures. DOE acknowledges that it may be necessary for Grantees to deviate from historical expenditures when certain circumstances arise (e.g., funding source changes).

 $\underline{10 \ CFR \ 440.16(h)(2)}$ dictates that these limits must be expressed as a percentage of the ACPU. To calculate this percentage, use the following formula:

For example, if the ACPU is \$5,000 and a Grantee's Program expends an average of \$750 per dwelling on energy-related H&S measures, the Total Average H&S Cost per Unit would equal 15 percent. DOE acknowledges that this percentage may vary significantly between Grantees due to different geographical areas and depending upon the availability of other funding sources, resource availability, etc. Low percentages should include a statement of what other funding supports H&S costs, while larger percentages will require greater justification and relevant historical support.

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15 percent is not a maximum limit on H&S expenditures. DOE will conduct a secondary level of review on H&S Plans with a Grantee request of more than 15 percent of Program Operations used for H&S purposes. DOE strongly encourages using the table below in developing justification for the requested H&S budget amount. In accordance with 10 CFR 440.18(d)(15), these funds are to be expended by the Program in direct weatherization activities, "of which is necessary before, or because of, installation of weatherization materials." This same section of the regulation excludes the H&S costs from the ACPU limitation if H&S costs are budgeted separately.

DOE recommends reviewing recent budget requests and compare those to actual H&S expenditures to see if previous budget estimates have been accurate. The resulting Total Average H&S Cost per Unit multiplied by the Grantee's production estimate in the Annual File should correlate to the H&S budget amount listed in the Grantee's annual plan.

H&S expenditure limits and justification explaining the basis for setting the limits.

For the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP), the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs (DCA) budgets Health and Safety (H&S) costs in a separate budget category from Program Operations, removing H&S cost from the SIR and the per unit expenditure limitation of \$8,009.

DCA has expended H&S costs of \$335,534 for DOE Annual 2019/2020 (as of January 31, 2022). This H&S Plan calls for more grantee intervention in addressing H&S issues; therefore, DCA will set an average H&S expenditure limit of 14% of the per unit average for Program Operations. This percent will vary based on actual expenditures and will be averaged across all units. Sub grantees will be required to maintain their budget limitation or face disallowed costs. DCA will require sub grantees to track H&S costs and related measures to support future budget requests.

In order to maintain the primary energy efficiency mission of the program, H&S budgets are limited to 14% of \$8,009 (New Jersey's estimated per unitexpenditure for the 2022 Program Year) or an estimated \$1,121.00per unit adjusted based on actual Program Operation expenditures. Sub grantees must maintain this H&S expenditure limit of 14%, on average, across all units reported to the DCA or face disallowed costs except that DCA may approve waivers on a case-by-case basis. Waivers must be submitted to DCA State Monitors for approval when the total H&S cost is over \$1,500 up to \$3,500 for an individual grant. H&S estimates over \$3,500 but not morethan\$5,000 for an individual unit must be approved by the DCA Office of Low-Income Energy Conservation's (OLIEC) Program Supervisor. H&S practices must be performed within the guidance of the NJ WAP H&S Plan, but certain discretion is left to the auditor in estimating costs and making judgments for deferral. Those judgments must be within the limitations outlined herein and detailed justification provided in the client file.

NJWAP dual funding sources, utilizing both LIHEAP and DOE in single family housing. The DOE/LIHEAP Funding Initiative has not only help agencies use their funds more effectively, but also reduce the number of deferred units. An individual health and safety measure cannot be split between funding sources. For a unit to be eligible for dual shell funding a minimum expenditure of \$2,000 in ECM materials must be estimated before both DOE and LIHEAP funds can be used in the unit. The total expenditure limit will be based on the ACPU for each funding source, with a total health and safety expenditure limit of \$7,000. Waivers must be submitted to DCA State Monitors for approval when the total H&S cost is over \$3,000 and up to \$5,000 for a dual unit.

H&S estimates over \$5,001 for a dual shell funded unit must be approved by the OLIEC Program Supervisor. Jobs that would exceed \$7,001 must be deferred.

Utilizing the spreadsheet embedded below, provide a full list of H&S measures using historical data from your program, including average cost, and frequency rate. If installing more than a single instance of one measure in a unit (e.g. multiple CO alarms), Grantees may aggregate costs so that frequency does not exceed 100%, or enter a justification into the measure column, which explains why that measure has a frequency rate of over 100%. The spreadsheet will auto calculate your expected Total Average H&S Cost per Unit.

Instructions: Double-click icon directly below to open, view and edit Measure Matrix Spreadsheet. Complete the spreadsheet by entering the required information. To save, close the spreadsheet and it will save to this document. Alternatively, the measure matrix is also available as a standalone spreadsheet located at the following link: Weatherization Program Notice 22-7:

Weatherization Health and Safety | Department of Energy



Measure Matrix Final.xlsx

4.0-INCIDENTAL REPAIR MEASURES

Any measures that could potentially be identified as H&S, but the Grantee chooses to instead identify and treat those measures as incidental repair measures (IRMs), must be implemented consistently throughout the Grantee's weatherization program. The measure must fit the regulatory definition of an IRM and be cost justified along with the associated energy conservation measure and/or package of measures. 10 CFR 440.3 defines Incidental Repairs as, "those repairs necessary for the effective performance or preservation of weatherization materials."

H&S measures identified and treated as IRMs within your Program.

Not applicable

5.0—OCCUPANT PRE-EXISTING OR POTENTIAL HEALTH CONDITIONS AND HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND NOTIFICATION FORM(S)

Grantees must develop a written policy that includes, at a minimum, the following documentation relating to H&S Plan implementation and maintain signed copies in each client file. <u>Each notification must include</u> the occupant(s) (and landlord if applicable) name and address, be signed and dated by the occupant (and landlord if applicable) indicating that they understand and have been informed of their rights and options and signed by the Subgrantee personnel collecting the information. Required topics are:

- Occupant Pre-existing or Potential Health Condition Screening
 - Provides documentation that allows occupant(s) to self-report known or suspected health concerns as part of initial application for weatherization, during the energy audit, or other part of the weatherization process as specified. Must minimally contain the following:
 - Any known risks associated with the measures and materials being installed
 - Subgrantee point of contact information for occupant(s)
 - Date of screening
- Hazard Identification Notification

- Provides documentation that the occupant and landlord (if applicable), have been informed of any potential hazards identified during the energy audit or intake process. Must minimally contain the following:
 - Date(s) of the energy audit/assessment and when the occupant(s) (and landlord, if applicable) was informed of a potential H&S issue
 - A clear description of the problem, including any testing results
 - A statement indicating if, or when weatherization could continue

Radon Informed Consent Form

- Provides documentation that the occupant(s) (and landlord if applicable) have been informed of any potential hazards associated with radon in weatherized dwellings. The form must minimally contain the following:
 - An explanation on the potential small risk of increasing radon levels when building tightness is improved. This is based on the results of the <u>Buildings Assessment of Radon Reduction Interventions with Energy retrofits</u>

 <u>Expansion Study (The BEX Study)</u>
 - A list of precautionary measures WAP will install based on <u>EPA Healthy Indoor Environment Protocols.</u>
 - Some of the benefits of Weatherization including energy savings, energy cost savings, improved home comfort, and increased safety.

Procedure for soliciting occupants' health and safety concerns related to components of their homes

Explaining to the occupants the necessity of ensuring their health and safety, and that of the NJWAP subgrantees and contractors are a critical component of the NJWAP and that all weatherization activities cannot be delivered to the residence unless the occupant discloses existing health and safety concerns that could be exacerbated by WAP measures.

Procedure for determining whether occupants suffer from health conditions which may be negatively impacted by the act of weatherizing their dwelling

Require household occupant(s) to reveal known or suspected health concerns as part of initial application for weatherization. Screen occupants again during audit to verify earlier concerns and/or to determine if additional concerns exist that may not have been included at the time of application.

Sub-grantee staff as early as the intake stage should be alert to situations that could negatively affect the H&S of clients. Question clients about allergies or diseases that are traceable to materials used in weatherization. The client must complete the "Occupant Pre-existing or Potential Health Condition Screening Form"

Later, a decision can be made about proceeding with weatherization work or postponing work because of a major problem identified on the *Hazard Identification Notification*.

Procedure for addressing potential health concerns including pre-existing health conditions when they are identified

When a person's health may be at risk and/or WAP work activities could constitute a H&S hazard, the occupant at risk will be required to take appropriate action based on severity of risk. For instance, an occupant with a respiratory illness is to receive WAP services that will consist of applying close cell foam product. This could potentially exacerbate the occupant's illness. Therefore, it is of paramount importance to screen cliental for risks to their health when deciding to install or apply certain products used in the WAP. Subgrantees are required to evaluate the product's Safety Data Sheet (SDS) prior to the production of the work-order. If the product can be injurious to the occupant a decision to use alternative product that will not affect the client negatively could be implemented but if not feasible, temporary relocation of at-risk occupants may be allowed on a case-by-case basis as approved by NJ DCA.

State regulations regarding temporary relocation set forth at N.J.A.C 5:11-3.4 "Temporary Relocation". There are two processes that subgrantees can choose from regarding temporarily relocating the occupants of the unit if occupants are required to temporarily relocate due to the work scope. Those two processes are the Stipend/Compensation Process and the Physical Relocation Process. In either process, NJ DCA does not approve any temporary relocation plans or stipend plans. It is the WAP subgrantees responsibility to ensure that the rates are within the allowable per diem rates. Any additional costs exceeding the

allowable rates will be disallowed by NJ DCA. The subgrantee is to utilize the General Service Administration's (GSA) Federal Per Diem Rates for the applicant's municipality. This can be found at the following link: https://www.gsa.gov/perdiem. Failure or the inability to take appropriate actions must result in deferral.

Location where forms have been uploaded/submitted

Separate attachment to SF424
Separate attachment to H&S Plan

6.0—HEALTH AND SAFETY CATEGORIES

For each of the following H&S categories identified by DOE in the following tables, follow the directions below.

- Any section that is "Required" below must be explicitly detailed in the H&S Plan regardless of funding source used. If the Grantee checks the box for "Concurrence with DOE Guidance" the contents of the box may be left as it exists or reference the section/location within Grantee Policy and Procedure manual that contains language or insert Grantee specific language. If the "Alternative Guidance" box is checked, the Grantee must provide that alternative guidance in the box.
 - o If a Grantee is proposing an alternative action/allowability for a "Required" item, the alternative requires comprehensive explanation of how it meets the intent of the DOE program notice.
 - o If a "Required" item/category will not be addressed with any funding source and will always result in deferral, the H&S Plan must state that.
- Any section that is "Allowable" below must be detailed only if DOE WAP funds are used to implement the measures. If the Grantee uses DOE funds for any "Allowable" activities from the Table of Issues then they must be described here in detail, including defining "minor", "major", "limited", "case-by-case", and "at-risk" if the term is applied. If you only check the box "Allowed with Alternative Funds" then no additional information is required.
- Any section that is "Prohibited" below may not be addressed with DOE WAP H&S funds and does not need to be specifically addressed in the H&S Plan. The Grantee simply needs to check the "Concur with DOE guidance" box and indicate if the condition will result in deferral/referral.
- The Grantee H&S Plan may address additional H&S hazards specific to their program that are not included in the
 Table of Issues. If a Grantee chooses to include additional measures as DOE WAP funded H&S costs, the H&S Plan
 must include details pertaining to the measures allowed, testing required, and client education for these specific
 hazards.
- All required "Testing/Inspection" related items must be documented in the client file to verify completion and results.

6.1 – Air-Conditioning, Heating Systems, and Combustion Appliances			
Required Actions			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ Results in Deferral/Referral □			Results in Deferral/Referral □
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds ☑

- Replace, repair, or install primary heating systems when existing primary heating systems are unsafe, inoperable, or nonexistent. No home may be left without a safe primary heating system after weatherization where climate conditions require heating (i.e., all climate zones except zone 1 as defined by ASHRAE). If unable to meet this requirement, deferral is required.
- No DOE-funded weatherization work is permitted if the completed dwelling unit will be heated with an unvented combustion space heater as the primary heat source. The primary heat source must be replaced with a vented unit prior to or by weatherization. The replacement unit must be sized to heat the entire dwelling unit.
- Unsafe secondary units, including space heaters, must be repaired, or removed and disposed of, or deferral is required. Secondary unvented space heaters are considered unsafe if they:
 - o are not listed and labeled as meeting ANSI Z21.11.2;
 - o have an input rating of more than 40,000 BTU/hour;
 - o are in a bedroom and have an input rating of more than 10,000 BTU/hour;
 - o are in a bathroom and have an input rating of more than 6,000 BTU/hour;
 - o are operating in an unsafe manner (e.g., high carbon monoxide (CO) readings, too close to combustible materials, lack sufficient combustion air volume);
 - o or are not permitted by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).
- DOE WAP Grantees must comply with the Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards which mandates that:
 - All fuel-burning appliances in manufactured homes except: ranges, ovens, illuminating appliances, clothes
 dryers, solid fuel-burning fireplaces and solid fuel-burning stoves, must be installed to provide for the
 complete separation of the combustion system from the interior atmosphere of the manufactured home
 (i.e., to draw their combustion air from outside), and be vented to outside the dwelling.
 - All appliances installed by weatherization in manufactured homes must meet these standards, including secondary heating sources. No unvented fuel-burning space heating appliances may remain in a MH after weatherization under any circumstances. If an occupant will not allow the removal of an unsafe combustion appliance from the home, deferral is required.
 - Repair or replace combustion gas venting to ensure proper combustion gas venting to outside the dwelling for all combustion appliances, including but not limited to gas dryers and refrigerators, furnaces, vented space heaters, and water heaters.
- If weatherization installs an appliance that is vented into a masonry chimney, the chimney must be lined in compliance with the International Fuel Gas Code (IFGC) or local AHJ if more stringent.
- Install adequate combustion air for all combustion appliances left after weatherization.
- If permits are required for heating/cooling system work, they must be secured and are a program operation cost if the installation is an ECM or may be included in the H&S cost if installed as a H&S measure.
- If unsafe conditions relating to existing combustion appliances require remediation to safely perform weatherization and cannot be remedied by repair or tuning, replacement is an allowable H&S measure unless prevented by other guidance herein.
- Documentation justifying the replacement with a cost comparison between replacement and repair must be maintained in the client file.

Allowable Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds ☑	

DOE WAP H&S actions include correction for the following.

- Heating combustion venting/spillage. Such as repair/replacement of flue pipe, chimney repair, chimney liner, chimney cap, barometric draft regulator, combustion air ventilation, mastic return ducts, air filter slot cover, zone isolation for natural draft appliances.
- Heating combustion safety components. Such as back flow preventer, pressure relief valve and extension piping, clean and service, high limit switch, fan control switch, transformer, low water cut off, automatic water feed, emergency cut off switch, and expansion tank.
- Heating distribution issues. Such as repairs to ductwork, hydronic, and steam systems.
- Removal of secondary unsafe unvented space heater(s). If the occupant refuses the unit to be decommissioned and disposed of, the house must be deferred for WAP services.
- Repairs of secondary solid fuel fired appliance(s). These repairs consist of flues and proper installation (e.g., protection of combustibles) to ensure the appliance adheres to NFPA 211.
- Room air conditioning if a household has non-working room air conditioner(s) and has an "at risk" occupant with medical condition documented by a physician that requires air conditioning, the subgrantee must request State Monitor permission to replace room air conditioner(s). No new installation of room air conditioner(s) is permitted where a unit did not previously exist. Medical documentation must be current within 180 days.

Alternative funds- Heating Improvement Program (HIP) actions.

- Primary heating system repair and replacement. This may also include existing central air conditioning systems, whenever replacement is required to facilitate the authorized replacement of a heating system or if medical necessary for an "at risk" occupant. For central air conditioning replacement, the occupant with medical condition must provide documentation by a physician which indicates that the air conditioning is medically necessary. Medical documentation must be current within 180 days. Monitor permission for central air conditioning is required.
- Heating distribution issues. Such as repairs to ductwork, hydronic, and steam systems.
- Repairs of secondary solid fuel fired appliance(s). These repairs consist of flues and proper installation (e.g., protection of combustibles) to ensure the appliance adheres to NFPA 211.

HIP funding can be utilized for repairing or removal of unsafe secondary heating units including solid fuel appliances. If the occupant refuses the unit to be decommissioned and disposed of, the house must be deferred for WAP services.

Prohibited Actions		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑		
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for replacement or installation of secondary heat sources is prohibited.		
Required Testing/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □		
Verify that primary heating systems are present, operable, and performing correctly.		

- Conduct combustion appliance testing and visual inspection of all combustion appliances and their related venting.
- Depressurization and spillage testing is required for all Category 1 appliances pre and post weatherization and before leaving the home on any day when work has been done that could affect draft (e.g., air or duct sealing, adding exhaust ventilation).
- CO testing is required for all combustion appliances, regardless of the venting type.

- Verify proper clearances for all combustion venting types.
- Visually inspect the entirety of solid fuel-fired appliance installations (e.g., wood stoves, coal stoves, pellet stoves, fireplaces) including the venting system to ensure it adheres to the applicable code or local authority having jurisdiction. Appliances must be inspected pre and post weatherization.
- Conduct pre and post weatherization worst case CAZ depressurization testing in spaces having a fireplace or woodstove. Since there is no consensus method for verifying safe operation of fireplaces or woodstoves are left operational. The vent must meet the national or local codes, or the home cannot be weatherized.
- Safety inspections related to space heaters, fireplaces, and woodstoves must include, but not be limited to, verification of adequate floor protection, and code compliant clearances to walls and other combustible materials.

Grantee Combustion Testing Action Levels

Worst Case CAZ Depressurization Test:

CAZ depressurization is the leading cause of back drafting and flame roll-out in heating appliances that vent into naturally drafting chimneys. Instructions to perform the worst-case testing procedures and action levels can be found in the New Jersey Field Guide Chapter 8.26 Mitigating CAZ Depressurization and Spillage. Solid fuel fired appliance must also be tested for worst case CAZ depressurization pre and post weatherization. These appliances will have a limited allowable depressurization. Maximum CAZ depressurization for closed controlled wood burning appliance -7 Pa. Pellet stove with draft fan and sealed vent -15 Pa. Additional resources on solid fuel appliance inspection can be found in the New Jersey Field Guide Chapter 8.10 Wood Stoves and Fireplaces.

• Spillage and Carbon Monoxide (CO) Testing:

- a) Spillage is the entry of combustion products into a building from a vented combustion appliance caused by back drafting, for example a leaky duct system and or lack of combustion air. Other issues may consist of vent blockage or leaks in the venting system. Spillage testing procedures and solutions for spillage failure can be found in the New Jersey Field Guide, Chapter 8.2.6 Mitigating CAZ Depressurization and Spillage.
- b) Testing for CO in the appliance vent is a part of combustion testing that happens under worst-case conditions. If CO exceeds the undiluted combustion byproducts; the appliance fails, the CO test under current ANSI/BPI 1200-S-2017 standards. Refer to the New Jersey Field Guide Appendices A-5 Carbon Monoxide Limits.

Ambient Air Monitoring for CO

Personal monitoring for ambient CO during the entire inspection process is required. Investigate indoor CO levels of greater than 9 ppm to find their cause. Monitoring is imperative especially during combustion testing to ensure that ambient CO in the combustion appliance zone (CAZ) doesn't exceed 35 ppm as measured. If ambient CO levels in the combustion zone exceed 35 ppm, stop testing for your own safety. Ventilate the CAZ thoroughly before resuming combustion testing. If ambient CO levels range from 36 ppm – 69 ppm the source of CO shall be turned off immediately. If ambient CO levels reach 70 ppm or greater, the inspection shall be immediately terminated, and the building occupants evacuated from the residence. The appropriate emergency services shall be notified from outside. Refer to from ANSI/BPI, 1200, section 7.3.3.3.

Grantee Woodstove & Fireplace inspection/testing policy including actions/limits			
Concur with DOE Guidance 🗹 Alternative Guidance 🗆			
Fireplace or woodstove venting that is left operational after weatherization must meet current local or national standards or the home must be deferred.			
Required Occupant Education			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □			

- Appropriate use and maintenance of units.
- Provide all paperwork and manuals for any equipment installed by weatherization.
- Discuss and provide information on proper disposal of bulk fuel tanks when not removed as part of the weatherization work.
- Where combustion equipment is present, provide combustion safety and hazards information including how to recognize depressurization, dangers of CO poisoning, and fire risks associated with combustion appliance use.

6.2 – Asbestos (Confirmed and/or Presumed Asbestos Containing Material)			
Required Actions			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative (e Guidance ☐ Results in Deferral/Referral ☐	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑		Alternative Funds ☑	

- When suspected friable Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM) are present, including vermiculite, assume they contain asbestos and take precautionary measures to prevent disturbing it during the audit and work unless testing determines otherwise.
- Grantees must have written policy included in their H&S plan for:
 - o Identifying and managing suspected ACM that provides for reasonable and necessary precautions to prevent asbestos contamination in the home.
 - o Addressing blower door testing where suspected friable ACM is present (as defined by EPA), including vermiculite.

Grantee ACM policy

- Describe Grantee's policy for identifying and managing suspected ACM Pipes, Furnaces, and other small, covered surfaces- The auditor will perform visual inspection to identify suspected asbestos containing materials (ACM). If suspected friable asbestos is present, minor asbestos encapsulation or removal may be performed by a certified Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) professional. Complete as much of the energy audit as practical without disturbing the ACM and estimate the blower door number. If the ACM is intact and will not be disturbed by recommended WAP activity, continue with weatherization work. Testing may be allowed where the material is suspected to contain asbestos and cost estimates for the necessary encapsulation or removal are high and could potentially be avoided. Once the friable material is encapsulated using DOE funding or removed using LIHEAP funding, air clearance tests must be conducted by a AHERA certified professional before performing the blower door testing and updating the energy audit.
- Siding, walls, ceilings-Temporary removal of siding is permissible under N.J.A.C 12:120. All precautions must be taken not to damage siding. Asbestos siding should never be cut or drilled. Recommended, where possible, to insulate through home interior when suspected asbestos siding is present.
- Vermiculite Insulation Testing is allowed with DOE funds. Sample collection must be tested by a certified AHERA professional. If asbestos is present in the vermiculite, the unit must be deferred

Grantee Blower Door Testing Policy When Suspected ACM Exists

Blower door testing will not be performed until friable asbestos is encapsulated or removed and air clearance test is conducted by an AHERA certified professional.

Allowable Actions

Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑

Allowed with Alternative Funds

✓

If DOE WAP H&S funds are used for any "allowable" actions, detail them here.

- DOE WAP H&S actions such as sample collection testing and minor encapsulation of friable AMC.
- Alternative LIHEAP WAP H&S funds may be used for minor removal of friable AMC.

The primary mechanism for determining deferral of a unit is based on cost associated with encapsulation or removal necessary to perform blower door testing safely to conclude the energy audit, defined in section 3.0 H&S Expenditures.

Prohibited Actions

Concur with DOE Guidance ☑

Using DOE WAP H&S funds for general abat	·	eplacement of asbe culite is prohibited	istos siding, thermal system insulation (TSI) or l.	
		ing/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative	Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds			Alternative Funds ☑	
Auditor will perform visual inspection	n to identify suspected	friable asbestos co	ontaining covering materials.	
 Testing is allowed where the materia 	l is suspected to conta	ain asbestos.		
	Allowable Tes	ting/Inspection		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu	nds ☑	A	llowed with Alternative Funds ☑	
If DOE WAP H	&S Funds are used for	any "allowable" te	sting, detail them here.	
		pant Education		
Concur with DOE Guidance			Alternative Guidance □	
 Formally notify the occupant, and lan 	dlord if applicable, in	writing:		
 of suspected ACMs that are pres during weatherization; 	ent and what precau	tions will be taken t	to ensure the occupants' and workers' safety	
 of results if testing was performed 	2d·			
 not to disturb suspected ACM; 	,			
	to asbestos, occupant	, or landlord if appl	icable, must provide documentation that a	
certified professional performed				
6.3 –	Biologicals and l	Jnsanitary Con	ditions	
		d Actions		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative G		Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Fund	s 🗹		Alternative Funds ☑	
Deferral where conditions (odors, bacteria, r	aw sewage, rotting w	ood, etc.) in the ho		
weatherization workers or may be worsened				
weatherization.	,	(0 /	<i>5,</i>	
Additionally, cleanup of contaminates such a	is decomposing garba	ge, and animal/hu	man feces due to occupant's neglect	
are not allowable and must be deferred.				
	Allowed	Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu	nds ☑	Α	llowed with Alternative Funds □	
If DOE Funds are used for any "allowable" act				
Limited repairs of conditions that may lead to or promote biological concerns and unsanitary conditions is allowable.				
Repairs such as repairing leaking or broken v	waste lines.			
Limited cleaning of the workspace to protect	the health and safety	of workers and occ	cupants.	
The section of the section for determining the section for the section of the sec	9 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 13 - 13 - 13	and the second second second		
The primary mechanism for determining lim			•	
perform audit recommended weatherizatio			penditures.	
Conqueryith DOF Cuidana 7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	cing/Inspection	Doculto in Defermed /Defermed /D	
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑		Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds 🗹		s ottion and subsection	Alternative Funds ☑	
Sensory Inspecti	on of interior, exterio	r, attics, and subspa ting/Inspection	aces of the aweiling.	
	Pronibilea les	HILE / HISDECTION		

Concur with DOE Guidance ☑

Required Occupant Educat	tion
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative Guidance □
Inform occupant in writing of observed biological a	and unsanitary conditions.
6.4 – Building Structure and Roofing (e.g., ro	oofing, wall, foundation)
Allowable Actions	
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds □	Allowed with Alternative Funds ☑
If DOE WAP H&S Funds are used for any "allowable" actions, detail them here.	Minor roof repair is allowable only if the roof
damage is situated within a small portion of the roof. Repairs, such as replacer	
	ional with a monetary limitation of \$2,500.
	-
·	
Define the term "major" repairs using a quantifiable methodology.	
Any roof that has suffered irreparable damage with considerable leaks is beyo major and must be deferred.	
	,
	Allowed with Alternative Funds L
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	-
Notily occupant in writing of structurally co	ompromised areas.
6 5 – Code Complian	ice .
·	
	Allowed with Alternative Funds M
Correction of preexisting code compliance issue(s) is only allowed if it interrumeasure(s)s to an area of the home. If the correction of a preexisting code compliance to the weatherization measure	upts the process of installing weatherization npliance issue is to be paid for with WAP funds,
Required Testing/Inspection Concur with DOE Guidance Alternative Guidance DOE WAP H&S Funds Visual inspection of building structure and roofing for damages that comproming the home where weatherization will occur are safe for entry and performance Allowable Testing/Inspect Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds Not applicable Prohibited Testing/Inspect Concur with DOE Guidance Using DOE WAP H&S funds for any testing/evaluation of structural Required Occupant Educat Concur with DOE Guidance Notify occupant in writing of structurally constitution Allowable Actions Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds If DOE WAP H&S Funds are used for any "allowable" actions, detail them here. Correction of preexisting code compliance issue(s) is only allowed if it interrume measure(s)s to an area of the home. If the correction of a preexisting code compliance compliance constitution If the correction of a preexisting code compliance of the home. If the correction of a preexisting code compliance constitution If the correction of a preexisting code compliance compliance issue(s) is only allowed if it interrume If the correction of a preexisting code compliance compliance issue(s) is only allowed if it interrume If the correction of a preexisting code compliance If the correction of a preexisting code If the co	defined by Grantee's H&S Plan. ehabilitation is prohibited and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered and Results in Deferral/Referral Alternative Funds ise building durability and to verify that portions of the of assessments, work, and inspections. allowed with Alternative Funds tion Alternative Guidance and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered Alternative Funds the of assessments and the portion of the office of assessments and inspections. Allowed with Alternative Funds and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered Alternative Funds and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered Alternative Funds and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered Alternative Funds and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered alternative Funds and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered alternative Funds and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered alternative Funds and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered alternative Funds and the monetary limitation of \$2,500 is considered and the monetary limita

	Concur with DOE Guidance 🗹		
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for correction 	on of preexisting code compliance issue	s not directly related to the installation of	
specific weatherization measures in th	e home is prohibited.		
 Using DOE WAP funds for work on cond 	demned properties and properties whe	re H&S conditions exist that cannot be	
corrected under this guidance is prohi	bited		
	Required Testing/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative Guidance □	Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑		Alternative Funds ☑	
	Visual inspection.		
	Allowable Testing/Inspection		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fund	s 🗆 Allo	wed with Alternative Funds 🛘	
Not applicable			
	Required Occupant Education		
Concur with DOE Guidance 🗹		Alternative Guidance 🗆	
Inform occupant in writing	g of observed code compliance issues wh	nen it results in a deferral.	
	6.6 – Electrical		
	Required Actions		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative Guidance 🗹	Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Guidance E	Alternative Funds 🗹	
Provide sufficient over-current protection and damming prior to insulating building components containing knob and tube wiring,			
Provide Sufficient over-current protection and	as required by the AHJ.	omponents containing knob and tube wiring,	
	Allowable Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fund		wed with Alternative Funds	
DOE WAP H&S include electrical upgrades for overcurrent production. These devices consist of fuses, electromechanical			
circuits, breakers, and solid-state power switches. Constructing shielding for knob and tube wiring (not exceeding 25% of the			
area to be insulated). Electrical junction boxes/covers, electrical outlet and switch plate covers, repairs or replacement of			
damaged lighting fixtures.			
Alternative LIHEAD WAD HOS may be used to mi	tigate knob and tube wiring and ungrade	with a monatary limitation of \$2 E00	
Alternative LIHEAP WAP H&S may be used to mitigate knob and tube wiring and upgrade with a monetary limitation of \$2,500.			
	Prohibited Actions		
II-in-DOF WAR IIQC for de fea	Concur with DOE Guidance	- Cuanta da 110 C alam ia amalaibita d	
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for	major electrical repairs as defined by the	le Grantee's H&S plan is pronibited	
	Define "major" repairs		
Define the term "major" repairs using a quantifi	able methodology.		
The primary mechanism for determining limita			
perform audit recommended weatherization v	work as defined in section 3.0 H&S Expo	enditure	
	5 : 1= .: /: .:		
0 111 0050 11 17	Required Testing/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral 🗆	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑		Alternative Funds ☑	
 Visual inspection for presence and cond 	_		
 Evaluate knob-and-tube wiring for safe 	• •		
 Check for alterations that may create an 	n electrical hazard.		
 Voltage detecting testing. 			

	Allowable Test	ting/Inspection		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S F	unds 🗆	Allov	wed with Alternative Funds 🛘	
Not applicable				
	Required Occu	pant Education		
Concur with DOE Guidance	e ☑		Alternative Guidance 🛘	
 Provide occupant with written docu 	mentation of any elec	trical hazards identifie	d that will not be addressed by	
weatherization				
 Provide information to occupant on 	over-current protection	on, overloading circuit	s, and basic electrical safety/risks if	
conditions warrant.				
	6.7 – Fu	el Leaks		
		d Actions		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑		Guidance	Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds ☑	
		utility convice must be		
 When a gas leak is found on the utiling halted, and the leak must be repair. 		-	contacted, work must be temporarily	
	, ,		sincel before installing constluents of	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	or the occupant (vs. t	ne utility) must be repa	aired before installing weatherization	
measures in the home.	All	I. A		
Alle and the DOESWARD HOOF		le Actions	and the Albertail of Earls 7	
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu			ved with Alternative Funds ☑	
If DOE WAP H&S Funds are used for any "allo	owable" actions, detai	I them here.		
Allowable DOE WAP H&S includes repair or		-		
of oil filter, fuel oil pump, and repair or rep		-		
complaint with current fuel gas codes (e.g.,	uncoated brass conn	ector, commonly used	in 1950's-60s construction).	
Alternative HID Condenses have and Condition	L	U	III Callanda (albana and and Nasa)	
Alternative HIP funds may be used for the a	ibove measures as we	il as, replacement of b	fulk fuel tanks (above ground only) and	
propane tank replacement.				
		ed Actions		
		OE Guidance ☑		
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds to repair 	•		•	
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for environments 	 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for environmental cleanup resulting from bulk fuel leaks is prohibited 			
Required Testing/Inspection				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative	Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	1		Alternative Funds ☑	
 As per ANSI/BPI-1200-S-2017 	, test using a Combust	ible Gas Detector (CGD) with required digital display of ppm and	
LEL.				
 Test all exposed gas lines, fitti 	ngs, valves, and conne	ections for fuel leaks fro	om utility connection to the	
appliance throughout the home.				
 Test all gas appliances for fuel leaks at all connections, valves, fittings, and burners. 				
 Conduct sensory inspection of 				
, , , , , ,		ting/Inspection		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu			ved with Alternative Funds □	
Not applicable		, 110 W	See There receive relied =	
14οι αρμιιταρίε	Prohibited Tes	ting/Inspection		
		OE Guidance 🗹		
	Concur with D	OL GUIUATICE L		

Using DOE WAP H&S funds for environmental testing of soil or water is prohibited.		
Required Occupant Education		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative Guidance □	
Inform occupants in writing of fuel leak testing results, including specific location if fuel leaks are detected.		

6.8 – Gas Ovens/Stovetops/Ranges				
	Allowab	le Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu	nds ☑	Allowe	ed with Alternative Funds ☑	
If DOE WAP H&S Funds are used for any "allo	wable" actions, detai	I them here.		
DOE WAP H&S actions include replace gas ra CO abatement.				
Alternative LIHEAP WAP H&S funds may be u	•	_	• •	
replacements must be justified by inability to	_		·	
Electric stove replacements must be justifie	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	tion.	
	•	ing/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative	Guidance 🛘	Results in Deferral/Referral 🛘	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Alternative Funds ☑		Alternative Funds ☑	
 Test gas ovens for CO. 				
 Grantee H&S plan must define action 	levels and resulting a	ctions.		
 Visually inspect cooking burners and 	ovens for operability a	and flame quality.		
Define a	ction levels for oven C	O testing and resulting	actions	
As per ANSI/BPI 1200-S-2017 the CO action le		<u>' ' </u>		
	Allowable Tes	ting/Inspection		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu	nds 🗆	Allowe	ed with Alternative Funds 🛘	
Not applicable				
	Required Occu	pant Education		
Concur with DOE Guidance	$\overline{\square}$		Alternative Guidance 🛘	
Inform occupants of the importance of u	ısing exhaust ventilati	on when cooking and t	he importance of keeping burners and	

6.9 – Hazardous Materials			
Required Actions			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative Guidance □		Results in Deferral/Referral □
DOE WAP H&S Funds	1	Alternative Funds ☑	

broilers clean to limit the production of CO.

- Hazardous Waste Materials generated by weatherization work (e.g., refrigerant, asbestos, lead, mercury, CFL lighting bulb/ballasts, etc.) must be disposed of according to all local and federal laws, regulations, and guidelines, as applicable.
 Costs specifically related to disposal may be charged as a H&S expense.
- Subgrantees must document disposal requirements in contract language with the responsible party.
- *Limited* removal of pollutants that pose a risk to workers is required (e.g., flammable liquids, hazardous chemicals, and other air pollutants) as defined the Grantee's H&S Plan.
- If removal cannot be performed or is not allowed by the occupant, the unit must be deferred.

Define "limited" removal of pollutants

Define "limited" removal of pollutants using a quantifiable methodology.

The primary mechanism for determining limitation is based on costs associated with correcting the H&S condition necessary to perform audit recommended weatherization work as defined in section 3.0 H&S Expenditures. Contracted

appliance providers and licensed profession established regulations.			•	
	Allowab	le Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu	ınds 🗹	Allowe	ed with Alternative Funds ☑	
If DOE WAP H&S Funds are used for any "allo	owable" actions, detail	them here.		
DOE WAP H&S actions when replacing appl appliance by the subgrantee's contracted re meeting EPA established regulations and lo Removal of volatile organic compounds (VOC	esponsible party. The cal requirements. The	responsible party must cost of disposal is inclu	dispose of hazardous materials uded in the services provided.	
	Prohibite	d Actions		
	Concur with D	OE Guidance ☑		
Using DOE WAP H	&S funds for Lead, Asbe	estos, and Radon abater	ment is prohibited.	
	Required Test	ing/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative	Guidance 🛘	Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds 🗹	1		Alternative Funds ☑	
	Sensory i	nspection.		
	Allowable Test	ting/Inspection		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds □		Allowed with Alternative Funds □		
Not applicable				
		ting/Inspection		
	Concur with D	OE Guidance 🛚		
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for any testing f		s other than that specif document is prohibited		
	Required Occu	pant Education		
Concur with DOE Guidance	· 🗹	Д	llternative Guidance □	

•	Inform occupant in writing of observed hazardous condition and associated risks.
•	Provide occupant written materials on safety issues and proper disposal of household pollutants.

Inform occupant in writing of hazards associated with hazardous waste materials being generated/handled in the home.

6.10 - Injury Prevention of Occupants		
Allowable Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds ☑	
DOE WAP H&S repairs include but are not limited to minor carpentry repairs. Such as repairs to stairs, handrail repair or replacement,		
and repairs to porch decking.		
Prohibited Actions		
Concur with D	OE Guidance ☑	
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for <i>major</i> repairs, as defined by the Grantee's H&S Plan is prohibited		
Define "major" renairs		

The primary mechanism for determining limitation perform audit recommended weatherization world		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
perform addit recommended weatherization work	Required Testing/Inspection	•
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative Guidance	Results in Deferral/Referral □
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	/ iterriative datatrice =	Alternative Funds ☑
	for dangers that would prever	
visually mispece	Allowable Testing/Inspection	
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds □		Allowed with Alternative Funds □
Not applicable	<u> </u>	/ in over the first terral and a
	Required Occupant Education	1
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑		Alternative Guidance
	_	nform occupant in writing of observed hazards and on Form" required by WPN 22-7.
6.11 – Lead-Based Surf	ace Coverings (Paint, Va	arnisnes, Rooting, etc.)
	Required Actions	
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral □
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑		Alternative Funds ☑ ing Program (RRP) rules when working in pre-
specific actions taken; lead testing and Include the location of photos reference Certification and training requirements Job site set up and cleaning verification	d assessment documentation; nced if not in file. s of the RRP rule. n by a Certified Renovator. ead safe work practices for surf	ation; any training provided on-site; description of and photos of site and containment set up. Faces directly disturbed during weatherization
	Allowable Actions	
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	1	Allowed with Alternative Funds □
 painted surface for weatherization activities the house would potentially create further (Centers of Disease Control and Prevention Violation. Alternative Funding for Lead-Based Paint of Centers and Paint of Centers are painted to the Paint of Centers and Paint of Centers are painted to the Paint of Centers and Paint of Centers are painted to the Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted to the Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted to the Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted to the Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted Tenters and Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted Tenters and Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted Tenters and Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted Tenters and Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted Tenters and Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted Tenters and Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted Tenters and Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted Tenters and Painted Tenters are painted Tenters and Painte	novation, Repair and Painting ies. Deferral is required when er hazards and or the househo on (CDC) blood reference level	Program (RRP) when disturbing any lead- based the extent and condition of lead- based paint in ld is occupied by known lead poisoned child s) with or without a municipality's Notice of CA Lead-Safe and Single-Family Home
Remediation Grant Programs.	Dochibited Astions	
	Prohibited Actions	7
H: DOEWAR HOCK L L L L L L L L L L	Concur with DOE Guidance	<u> </u>
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for lead abatem Using DOE WAP H&S funds for your lease your Large DOE WAP H&S funds for your lease your Large DOE WAP H&S funds for your lease your lease your Large DOE WAP H&S funds for lead abatem Large DOE	·	(VDE) 1- 1
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for purchase, re		-ray Fluorescence (XRF) devices is prohibited.
All. 1 31 DOESSES 1 5	Allowable Testing/Inspection	
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑		Allowed with Alternative Funds ☑
Lead Tes	sting Swab Kits and Lead Wipe/	
	Required Occupant Education	
Concur with DOE Guidance 🗹		Alternative Guidance 🛘

EPA's The Lead-Safe Cert	ied Guide to	Renovate R	ight
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6.12 – Mold and Moisture			
Allowable Actions			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	<i>,</i>	Allowed with Alternative Funds ☑	
If DOE WAP H&S Funds are used for a	ny "allowable" actions, detai	I them here.	
DOE WAP H&S measures to address moisture entry i	nclude gutter(s)/downspout	(s)/ground extension(s), gutter cleaning,	
moisture vapor barrier, sump pump repair/replacem	ent, plumbing leak repairs, o	drain clearing. Humidity controls include	
replacement or installation of dryer appliance vent to	the outside, dehumidifier in	nstall and exhaust ventilation systems.	
Alternative LIHEAP WAP H&S funds may be used for me	<u> </u>	professional with a monetary limit of \$2,500.	
	Prohibited Actions		
Cor	ncur with DOE Guidance 🗹		
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for mold cleanup is 	prohibited.		
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for window and doc 	or replacements is prohibited		
Re	quired Testing/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ A	Alternative Guidance 🛘	Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑		Alternative Funds ☑	
Visual assessment for moisture or mold damage including exterior drainage.			
Allo	owable Testing/Inspection		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☐ Allowed with Alternative Funds ☐			
Not applicable Not applicable			
Pro	hibited Testing/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance □			
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for mold testing of any type is prohibited.			
Required Occupant Education			
		Alternative Guidance 🛘	
Provide occupant written notification of identified mold/moisture hazards and information regarding the associated hazard.			
6.13 - Occupant Pre-existing or Potential Health Conditions			
Required Actions			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ A	Alternative Guidance 🏻	Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Alternative Funds ☑			
When a person's health may be at risk and/or WAP work activities could constitute an H&S hazard, the occupant is			
required to take appropriate action based on severity of risk.			
Deferral if occupant risk cannot be mitigated.			

Allowable Actions

Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑

Allowed with Alternative Funds □

Subgrantees are required to screen clientele for risks to their health when deciding to install or apply certain products used in the WAP. Subgrantees are required to evaluate the product Safety Data Sheet (SDS) prior to the production of the work-order. If the product can be injurious to the occupant a decision to use alternative product that will not affect the client negatively could be implemented but if not feasible, temporary relocation of at-risk occupants may be allowed on a case-by-case basis with prior approval from NJ DCA.

There are two processes that subgrantees can choose from regarding temporarily relocating the occupants of the unit if occupant's health may be at risk due to the work scope. Those two processes are the Stipend/Compensation Process and the Physical Relocation Process. In either process, NJ DCA does not approve any temporary relocation plans or stipend plans. It is the WAP subgrantees responsibility to ensure that the rates are within the allowable per diem rates. Any additional costs exceeding the allowable rates will be disallowed by NJ DCA. The subgrantee is to utilize the General Service Administration's (GSA) Federal Per Diem Rates for the applicant's municipality. This can be found at the following link: https://www.gsa.gov/perdiem. Failure or the inability to take appropriate actions must result in deferral.

Clients that are concerned with their health and safety and potential exposure to COVID 19, can be placed on the waiting list and reschedule for a later date for WAP services. After 30 days, the subgrantee intake worker will reach out to the client to determine scheduling status.

Required Testing/Inspection				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative ©		Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral ☐	
DOE WAP H&S Funds 🗹	1	Alternative Funds ☑		
 Screen occupants for known or suspected health concerns either as part of initial application for weatherization, during the audit, or both. This is done utilizing the "Occupant Pre-existing or Potential Health Condition Screening Form" required by WPN 22-7. 				
Allowable Testing/Inspection				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☐ Allowed with Alternative Funds ☐				
Not applicable				
Required Occupant Education				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □				
 Inform occupant in writing of any known risks and provide pre-weatherization screening form. Provide occupant with Subgrantee point of contact information in writing 				

6.14 – Pests				
Required Actions				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative Guidance ☐ Results in Deferral/Referral ☐			
DOE WAP H&S Funds		Alternative Funds ☑		
Deferral of homes where infestation of pests cannot be reasonably removed or poses H&S concern for workers.				
Allowable Actions				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fund	ls ☑ Al	lowed with Alternative Funds ☑		
DOE WAP H&S actions include pest barrier repairs. Such as screening of windows and points of access to prevent intrusion. Best				
practice is to utilize metal mesh or flashing as backing for air sealing in areas where pest intrusion is likely. These applications are				
encouraged to be part of the that particular ECM.				

Pest removal or extermination by a certified pest control service.

The primary mechanism for determining limitation of services is based on costs associated with correcting the H&S condition necessary to perform audit recommended weatherization work as defined in section 3.0 H&S Expenditures.

Allowable Testing/Inspection

Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds ☑				
Visual Inspection				
Required Occup				
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance □			
Inform occupant in writing of observ	ved conditions and associated risks.			
6.15 – 1	Radon			
Required				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative G				
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Funds ☑			
Cover exposed dirt floors within the pressure/thermal boun	dary with a sealed soil gas retarder			
Cover sump well/pits with airtight covers				
 Implement ventilation as required by ASHRAE 62.2-2016 				
Allowable	Actions .			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds ☑			
DOE WAP H&S actions include covering exposed dirt with	sealed soil gas retarder, airtight cover for sump well pit and			
adhering to ASHRAE 62.2 2016 ventilation requirements.	These three precautionary measures are required for all			
homes that receive weatherization. The Standard Work Sp	ecifications (SWS) H&S section has been updated to address			
the measures.				
 Other precautions may include, but are not limited to, sea 				
penetrations, isolating the basement from the conditioned space, and ensuring crawlspace venting is installed				
and operable.				
 Testing is mandatory for Tier 1 municipalities and strongly recommended for Tier 2 municipalities 				
. Manufactured Harris also because a makilo because should be tested if in Tian 1 magazinalities and has objecting. Traditional				
 Manufactured Homes also known as mobile homes should be tested if in Tier 1 municipalities and has skirting. Traditional mitigation systems cannot be installed without a sub-slab. Therefore, the above-mentioned DOE WAP H&S precautionary 				
measures must be implemented.	. Therefore, the above-mentioned DOE WAF 11&3 precautionary			
measures must be implemented.				
 Alternative LIHEAP WAP H&S funds include radon mitigation system or repairs to an existing system. The activation of 				
such services is required for properties with radon levels of 4 Pico-Curies per liter (pC/I). If radon levels are above 3.5 pC/I,				
yet below 4 pC/I, DCA requires subgrantees to perform a post weatherization radon test. If post weatherization radon				
levels result in 4 pC/I or above, subgrantee's are required to install a radon mitigation system. Radon mitigation system				
installation require copy of municipality permit and final clearance test to ensure the level of radon is below 4 pC/l.				
Prohibited Actions				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑				
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for radon mitigation is prohibited.				
Allowable Testing/Inspection				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds ☑				
Every property tested must have (2) Radon Charcoal Canisters utilized to achieve an average pC/I. Auditor is required to follow the				
New Jersey Department of Environmental (NJDEP) protocols.				
Required Occup				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □				

Provide all occupants EPA's A Citizen's Guide to Radon and inform them of radon related risks. Occupants must sign an informed consent form prior to receiving weatherization services.

6.16 – Safety Devices: Smoke and Carbon Monoxide Alarms, Fire Extinguishers				
Required Actions				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative (Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds 🗹			Alternative Funds ☑	
Install CO alarms in every home where alarms	are not present or a	re inoperable in con	npliance with ASHRAE 62.2-2016 which	
references NFPA 720 (note: NFPA 720 has been	en incorporated into	NFPA 72).		
	Allowabl	e Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fund	ds ☑	Alle	owed with Alternative Funds ☑	
DOE WAP H&S actions include installation of s	moke detector(s), C	O detector(s) or cor	mbination CO/smoke detector(s). If	
existing detectors are beyond manufacturer's	lifetime they must b	e replaced. Homes	with solid fuel heat sources will be	
provided with a fire extinguisher.				
	Prohibite	d Actions		
	Concur with Do	DE Guidance 🗹		
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for replacemen	t of functional smok	e or CO alarms that	are not beyond the manufacturer's stated	
	lifetime is	prohibited.		
	Required Test	ing/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative (Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds 🗹			Alternative Funds ☑	
V	erify operation and a	ge of installed alarn	ns.	
		ing/Inspection		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fund	ds 🗆	Alle	owed with Alternative Funds □	
Not applicable				
	Required Occu	pant Education		
Concur with DOE Guidance	1		Alternative Guidance □	
Provide occupant with verbal and written in	nformation on use of	newly installed dev	vices and the potential risks of not properly	
·		hese devices.		
6.17	- Ventilation an	d Indoor Air Qւ	ualitv	
		d Actions	•	
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative (Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds ☑	
Install ventilation as required by ASHRAF 62.	2 - 2016. If occupant	refuses ventilation	as required by ASHRAF 62.2, the home must	
Install ventilation as required by ASHRAE 62.2 - 2016. If occupant refuses ventilation as required by ASHRAE 62.2, the home must be deferred.				
Allowable Actions				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fund			owed with Alternative Funds ☑	
DOE WAP H&S actions include ventilating existing exhaust to the outside, exhaust motor repair, termination fitting backdraft				
damper, replace or install local exhaust ventilation, fan exhaust timer switch (used with ASHRAE complaint fan), install				
continuous exhaust ventilation (based on ASHRAE compliance), in-door return air pathway (under-cut door), whole building				
ventilation (exhaust/balanced/supply).				
Subgrantees are required to complete the Residential Energy Dynamics (RED) ASHRAE 62.2 2016 calculation with target blower				
door readings. Once, final blower door readin			ŭ	
Required Testing/Inspection				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative		Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds ☑	

ASHRAE 62.2 evaluation to determine required post-weatherization ventilation.				
Measure fan flow of existing fans and of installed equipment to verify performance.				
	ting/Inspection			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds □	Allowed with Alternative Funds □			
Not applicable	nank Falurakian			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	pant Education			
	Alternative Guidance			
	naintenance (including location of service switch and cleaning			
instructions) of ventilation system and components.				
Provide occupant with equipment manuals for installed equipment manuals equipment manuals equipment manuals equipment manuals equipment manuals equipment	·			
 Include disclaimer that ASHRAE 62.2 does not account for I 	nigh polluting sources or guarantee indoor air quality.			
2.00				
	ter Heaters			
(see Combustion Appliances for co	ombustion related requirements)			
Allowab	le Actions			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds ☑				
 DOE WAP H&S actions include temp/pressure relief valve and TPRV extension piping, backflow prevention, 				
bonding wire, clean and service burner, combustion flue pipe repairs or replacement, orphaned chimney				
liner.				
 Replacement of hot water heaters under DOE H&S will be limited by a case-by-case basis. 				
·	, ,			
 Alternative HIP Funds for repair and replacement of hot water heaters, well pump and or pressure 				
tank replacement.				
Mobile home water heaters replacements must have a HUD safety approval. Any other type of hot water heater will void the				
manufacturer's warranty and insurance companies may refuse to pay a claim or termite coverage. Refer to the New Jersey field				
Guide Section 11.8 Mobile Home Water Heaters.				
Required Testing/Inspection				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative	Guidance ☐ Results in Deferral/Referral ☐			
DOE WAP H&S Funds	Alternative Funds ☑			

	Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative Guidance 🗆 Res		Results in Deferral/Referral □		
	DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Alternative Funds ☑		Alternative Funds ☑			
	 Visual inspection of all water heaters and related piping for safety and leaks 					
	 See Combustion Appliances section for related combustion safety testing requirements. 					
	Allowable Testing/Inspection					
	Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds □ Allowed with Alternative Funds □					
	Not applicable					
	Required Occupant Education					
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative			Alternative Guidance 🛘			

- Appropriate use and maintenance of units.
- Provide all paperwork and manuals for any installed equipment.
- Where combustion equipment is present, provide combustion safety and hazards information including how to recognize depressurization, dangers of CO poisoning, and fire risks associated with combustion appliance use.

6.19 – Worker Safety

Required Actions

Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative Guidance □		Results in Deferral/Referral 🗖
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	1		Alternative Funds ☑
Adherence to all federal, state, and local worker safety regulations (e.g., OSHA, EPA).		ns (e.g., OSHA, EPA).	
Allowable Actions			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑		Allowed with Alternative Funds ☑	

DOE WAP H&S actions include minor carpentry repairs. Such as repairs to stairs, replace handrails, installation of platform extending into unfloored attic (catwalk). Equipment purchases to protect the health and safety of the worker. Such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and jobsite cleaning supplies.

Additional guidance for COVID 19 regarding workplace safety. Refer to the following websites. Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) https://www.cdc.gov and U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) http://www.osha.gov

The intake and energy auditor must complete the *Occupant Pre-Existing/Potential Health Condition Screening Form* with additional questions regarding the infectious disease.

In accordance with OSHA 3990, all field workers shall be equipped with PPE and be provided with training for proper and safe use, removal, and cleaning to avoid contamination (and cross-contamination) for self and others

During the COVID-19 crisis, all weatherization workers entering households should complete the *Field Safety Protocol Check List* prior to entry. It is strongly recommended to provide the household occupant(s) with mask(s), if feasible. And to always maintain social distancing.

Workers must follow OSHA standards and Safety Data Sheets (SDS) and take precautions to ensure the H&S of themselves and other workers. SDS must be posted wherever workers may be exposed to hazardous materials. DCA will perform random onsite assessments to determine if crews are utilizing safe work practices. State Monitors may stop work for observed unsafe work practices.

Sub-grantees will be trained in use and importance of personal protection equipment (PPE). OSHA 10-hour training is recommended for all workers. OSHA 30-hour training is recommended for crew leaders.

Training will be provided for State Monitors, Sub-grantee Field Technicians, and Contractors from among these topics offered by the New Jersey Department of Labor's Occupational Safety & Health Training Unit:

- Electrical Safe Work Practices
- Ergonomics for the Offices
- First Aid for Bystanders
- Hand and Portable Power Tool Safety
- Hand Injury Prevention
- Hazard Awareness
- Hazard Communication
- Heat and Cold Stress and Carbon Monoxide Poisoning
- Hearing Conservation
- Ladder Safety
- Material Handling, Back Safety & Lifting Techniques
- OSHA Record Keeping
- Personal Protective Equipment
- Respiratory Protection
- Safety Audit
- Safety Program Development
- Safety Scanning
- The Supervisor and Safety
- Permit Required Confined Space Training
- Walking and Working Surfaces

Prohibited Actions

Concur with DOE Guidance ☑

Using DOE WAP H&S funds for <i>major</i> repairs as defined by the Grantee's H&S Plan is prohibited.		
Define "major" repairs		
The primary mechanisms for determining limitation of services are based on costs associated with correcting the H&S conditions		
necessary to perform the audit recommended weatherization work as defined in Section 3.0 H7S expenditures.		
Allowable Testing		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds ☑		
N/A		

6.20 – (Fuel-Switching using Heating Improvement Program Funds)					
Required Actions					
Concur with DOE Guidance ☐ Alternative Guidance ☐ Results in Deferral/Referral ☐					
DOE WAP H&S Funds 🗆		_	Alternative Funds 🖬		
The State of New Jersey will allow "Case by Ca (HIP). Justified by either high energy burden a					
The sub-grantee is required to submit the energy savings calculation for fuel switching. The energy savings calculation must evaluate cost effectiveness of the new proposed fuel heating appliance with a savings to investment (SIR) of 1 or greater. The Program Monitor will review the supporting documentation and submit to the OLIEC Supervisor for the final approval process.					
The audit must be operated with the most cur household has a high energy burden the sub-					
Supporting documentation must include the inswitch, e.g., new natural gas lines and addition Recommended Measures Report.					
	Allowabl	e Actions			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fund	ds 🗆	Allov	ved with Alternative Funds 💶		
Installation of natural gas pipingUpgrading electrical equipmentRemoval of above ground fuel tank					
	Prohibite	d Actions			
		OE Guidance ⋤			
 The removal of underground bulk fuel t Environmental cleanup resulting from b 	oulk fuel leaks is proh		n deferral.		
	•	ing/Inspection			
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative 0	Guidance ⊔	Results in Deferral/Referral		
DOE WAP H&S Funds 🗆			Alternative Funds 📮		
 Conduct combustion appliance testing and visual inspection of all combustion appliances and their relatedventing. Test all exposed gas lines, fittings, valves, and connections for fuel leaks from utility connection to the appliance throughout the home. 					
 Conduct sensory inspection of all bulk fuels lines and storage tanks to determine if leaks exist. 					
Allowable Testing/Inspection					
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fund	ds LJ	Allov	ved with Alternative Funds 🔓		
Same as above					
Prohibited Testing/Inspection Concur with DOE Guidance □					
Environmental testing of soil or water is prohibited					
Required Occupant Education					
Concur with DOE Guidance Alternative Guidance Alternative Guidance					
Appropriate use and maintenance of units.					
 Appropriate use and maintenance of units. Provide all paperwork and manuals for any equipment installed by HIP Funding. 					
 Discuss and provide information on proper disposal of bulk fuel tanks when not removed as part of the HIP. 					
 Where combustion equipment is present, provide combustion safety and hazards information including how to 					
recognize depressurization, dangers of CO poisoning, and fire risks associated with combustion appliance use.					